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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." $1.50 and postage per year in advance.

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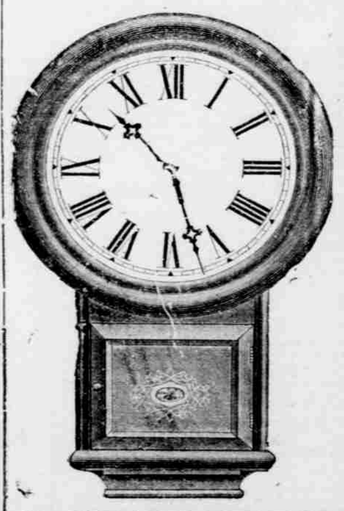

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anything to sell,
TISE IT.

THE WHIPPING POST.

Delaware Still Clings to the Ancient Institution.

It Is Used as a Means of Preventing Criminals from Outside Locating in the State—An Effective Remedy for Crime.

The present law relating to the whipping post in Delaware is that "the punishment of whipping shall be inflicted publicly, by strokes on the bare back well laid on." It shall be done by the sheriff or his deputy, or by a constable. The whipping post and pillory shall be in or near the jailyard of each county. Women are exempted from whipping. The whipping of minors is left to the discretion of the court in each case. Whenever corporal punishment is a part of the judgment, the day for its execution must be fixed in the sentence. Whenever a convict, at the same time, receives several sentences of whipping, the court shall so graduate them that under all of them he shall not receive more than 60 lashes, nor stand in the pillory more than one hour.

Whipping is inflicted as a punishment for the following crimes: Attempt at poisoning, mayhem, highway and house robbery, setting fire to offices, vessels or stores, burglary, larceny, embezzlement, making forged plates, obstructing railroad tracks, etc. The pillory is generally added as a further punishment, or else fine or imprisonment.

"But why," asks the outsider, "since whipping was abolished in the United States laws in 1893, and even in the navy in 1850, does Delaware cling so fondly to it? Is she wiser than the rest of the country, or simply more uncivilized?" Well, it would be hard to explain, to the average outsider, whose idea of the whipping post is made up of a tortured prisoner, a gory cat-o'-nine tails, and a mob of brutalized spectators, the easy-going indifference of the average Delawarean about the whole thing. The large majority of the citizens of Delaware, indeed, have never so much as seen the whipping post, and those who have, have never been heard to complain of any brutality in connection with it. The movement for prison reform, now active in the state, has no condemnation for the whipping post; it fixes on overcrowded cells and idle prisoners as far greater causes for complaint. Many would approve, indeed, an extension of the punishment, so as to include the crimes of prize-fighting, cruelty to children and animals, and wife-beating, now punishable only by fine and imprisonment. The reasons for this general acquiescence are rooted in (1) the past history of the state, (2) its geographical position, and (3) the conservative character of its inhabitants. They may be briefly stated as follows:

1. Delaware has always had a large free negro population. Now, the negro is given to petit larceny, and he does not greatly mind being imprisoned for it. In some cases he has been known to commit petty offenses at the approach of winter, with the avowed desire of getting a home in jail until spring. This tendency can be successfully combated only by corporal punishment, which he does not like and avoids if possible. The whipping post has solved this problem for Delaware justice during the past, and its value is established until some better substitute can be devised.

2. Delaware is a small agricultural state, lying between the large cities of Philadelphia and Baltimore. It is a natural haven of refuge for criminals from both cities, and would be overrun with thieves and small offenders if the quality of Delaware justice was not bitter to their taste. The whipping post is an abomination to the criminal from outside. He gives the state a clean berth on its account. One gang of bank burglars did select Wilmington as a field of operations some years ago. They were caught and soundly whipped. They had no difficulty, being experts, in breaking out of the old fashioned jail at Newcastle afterwards, as easily as they had broken into the bank; but the whipping rankled in their minds; and they left on record their determination never again to enter the state where "gentlemen in their line of business were whipped like slaves." Whereat all Delaware chuckled!—Priscilla Leonard, in Outlook.

MUST NOT SHAVE WOMEN.

Decision Reached by a Congress of Prominent Hindu Barbers.

A strange incident occurred in Bombay recently. A monster meeting of Hindu barbers was held for the purpose of considering the question of the impropriety of shaving the heads of Hindu widows, and thereby disfiguring them for life. About 100 barbers having assembled, one of them, named Balajee More, read a pamphlet in Mahratti, in which he stated that the barbers of old were happy and contented, but latterly, as though a curse had descended on their heads, trade had fallen off and they had become poor. The curse could only be accounted for by the fact that they were committing a great sin by shaving the heads of poor, innocent widows, thus depriving them of their best ornament. It was against the Hindu scriptures to deprive a widow of her hair, and doubtless it was the curses of the widows that had lowered their calling. The meeting thereupon unanimously resolved that no barber should shave a widow's head, and that if he did so he should be excommunicated.

The Minister's Blunder.

The New Yorkers are telling one another of a good joke on Rev. John Wesley Brown, rector of St. Thomas' church, previously rector of St. Paul's in that city. His part in the ceremonial of the Paget-Whitney wedding was to read the service. Either he had marked the wrong place in the prayer book or the singing disconcerted him; at any rate the wedding party was amazed to hear his rich, full voice utter the words: "I am the resurrection and the life" "Heavens and earth!" ejaculated Bishop Potter, in a whisper behind him. The rector at once awoke to the fact that he was reading the burial service, and, after one breathless second, he proceeded with the proper ritual.

SINGULAR DISCOVERIES.

Whale That Was a Valuable Contributor to Science.

A very strange thing happened to the prince of Monaco's steam yacht Princesse Alice, near the island of Terceira in the Azores last summer. The prince has devoted his yacht to the study of the ocean and its inhabitants, and many important facts have thus been gathered for science. On the occasion referred to a sperm-whale, or cachalot, about 45 feet long, was harpooned by some fishermen, and in its dying struggles it made direct for the Princesse Alice. If it had struck the little yacht the consequences might have been very serious, but just when the collision seemed inevitable the whale dived, and coming up on the other side of the yacht, turned upon its back in the death-agony. At this instant the bodies of three gigantic cephalopods—the class to which cuttlefishes belong — were ejected from the whale's mouth. These were secured by a boat from the yacht, and later the bodies of a number of curious inhabitants of the sea were found in the whale's stomach. The cephalopods belong to a new species. Other captures that the whale had made were so interesting as to lead Mr. J. Y. Buchanan, the naturalist, to remark in a recent number of Nature: "The cachalot which was killed by the whalers of Terceira almost under the keel of the Princesse Alice seems as if it had been guided in the pursuit of its food by a desire to devour nothing but animals which, up to the present, are completely unknown."

VERY SHOCKING FISH.

Inhabit the Mediterranean and Possess Peculiar Attributes.

Many people know of the electric eel of South America, but there are comparatively few who have heard of the torpedo or electric ray of the Mediterranean sea. This curious fish, according to the New York Journal, is about the size and shape of a large frying pan, with a short and exceedingly broad handle. It is flat and swims horizontally in the water.

The torpedo, which is found practically in the Bay of Biscay and the shores of the Mediterranean sea, is so called because of its habit of giving electric shocks. Such shocks are feeble, as a rule, not greater than those from a small electric battery. If the fish is enraged, however, it is capable of giving a much more powerful shock. It uses this curious weapon to stun the small fishes and animals on which it preys, thus making the victim insensible previous to devouring it. It is a very sluggish fish and will lay for hours buried in the sand a few feet from the shore in shallow water. Electricity is much talked of as a medical agent nowadays, and for such uses is spoken of as a new discovery, but in the days of Caesar this natural electricity was much used for the same purpose and physicians of the time applied it to the leg or arm of a person suffering from rheumatism, gout or nervous diseases, the patient keeping his hand or foot on the fish as long as it was possible to bear the shocks. This was said to have been an excellent remedy.

THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

It Has Undergone More Changes Than Any Other.

English has changed more than any other language, regarded merely as a Teutonic language. It is farthest removed from the parent stock. It is descended from the Saxon, which is the parent of Low German and Dutch, and as it were the grandparent of English. But besides the Teutonic part which is the ground work of the language, it has suffered all the effects of a lengthy Roman occupation. This has had a great influence on the language and has introduced many words into it. It must be remembered also that French was for a long period the official language of the country. This had an even greater effect on the tongue. Finally it has not entirely lost all traces of the early Celtic occupation. This combination has produced the most varied, rich and flexible language that exists.

Greek has changed least. Anyone who wishes to satisfy himself of the truth of this statement need only take down four authors, like Herodotus, Plutarch, Anna Commena and Trikupi. He will find, if he can translate one, that he can translate the others; and this though they wrote respectively 450 years before Christ, and 70, 1,110, and 1,860 years after.

African Tree Crabs.

In Africa there exists a tree-crab which has a trick of crawling up a cocoanut tree, biting off half a dozen bunches and then creeping down again backwards. The theory is that the nuts are shattered by the fall, and the crab thus enjoys a hearty meal. Now the natives try to stop these depredations, which often ruin the cocoanut crops, and take advantage of the fact that the lower portion of the crab is soft and sensitive. When they are heard in the tree the native climbs half way up the tree and drives in a circle of pikes made out of thorns. The consequence is when the crab comes down he encounters the thorns, and, supposing that he has reached the ground, he lets go, and is so crippled by the fall that he is easily dispatched and eaten in his turn.

A Hairy Boy.

The greatest curiosity of western France is a modern Esau, in the person of Leon Fernerod, the nine-year-old son of well-to-do parents living in the little village of Vindieq. The boy was born in May, 1886, and from the day of his birth has been covered with a heavy growth of curly, straw-colored hair. Several attempts have been made to remove this queer hirsute growth, but so far all such attempts have been in vain. The boy dislikes very much to be called "the hairy boy," and even his parents are said to be very sensitive on the subject.

—Nature does not capriciously scatter her secrets as golden gifts to lazy pets and luxurious darlings, but imposes tasks when she presents opportunities, and uplifts him whom she would inform. The apple that she shyly drops at the feet of Newton is but a coy invitation to follow her to the stars.—Whipple.

CRIPPLE CREEK.

Characteristic Scenes and Incidents of the New Town.

Bustling Times in the Colorado Eldorado—Much Activity in Real Estate and All Kinds of Business.

Cripple Creek is made up almost entirely of small frame buildings occupied by saloons and gambling houses. Merchandising is overdone, I should say. I saw one grocery store where 12 clerks were at work. Groceries, dry goods, clothing, etc., are sold very reasonably, but beer is sold at two glasses for a quarter; whisky, the same price. A gambler is as good as anybody in Cripple Creek and a saloon keeper better. The town, however, is not "tough." You do not see men in the streets carrying pistols, but the gambling games are wide open. Cripple Creek is in the same county (El Paso) with Colorado Springs, where no liquor can be sold. Colorado Springs, however, has five stock exchanges, two of which are kept open day and night, like a restaurant. These exchanges are always crowded, and the Colorado Springs people, although so good about liquor, have no hesitancy in robbing the unwary by selling them worthless stocks.

Cripple Creek has electric light, gas and waterworks. The water comes from an artificial lake on Pike's Peak, which is only 16 miles away. At night the town reminds you of the Midway at the world's fair. The main street is five blocks long. There are three other business streets of about equal length. A corner lot on this best street, 15x120 feet, sold lately for $18,000. A real estate boom has been added to the mining boom and the result is pandemonium.

It is said that at this season there are from 30 to 40 deaths daily at Cripple Creek from pneumonia, largely due to exposure. Visitors are unable to find proper accommodations, and, if a man who is not acclimated takes pneumonia from exposure, he is pretty apt to die. Hundreds of men keep "bachelors' hall" in cold rooms, and live on improperly cooked food. As the altitude is very high a great many of the tenderfeet die.

While I was in town I heard a man offer $150 a month for desk room in the office of the Palace hotel, the only brick building in Cripple Creek. The offer was indignantly refused. Lots that were worth $400 three months ago are now being held for $3,000. A fool is born every minute.

From three to five hours are required to get a chance to inquire at the post office for mail; from 200 to 300 men are in line constantly at the post office, and the post office is full of mail that has never been distributed. Everybody is crazy about everything. This is the rule at Cripple Creek.

There are over a thousand incorporated mining companies in Cripple Creek, and of this number less than 15 yield a return on the investment; perhaps you know that gold mines are not producers, but actual consumers of the world's wealth. In other words, more money is spent in gold mining than is obtained from it; every dollar in gold dug out the ground costs a good many dollars. It is said that about 60 Cripple Creek mines ship ore, but only 15 pay dividends; into the other 925 mines money is being poured like water. Over a thousand companies have been incorporated, but only 15 pay dividends; there are a thousand of other "claims" which are probably worthless. I heard it estimated that there are 5,000 men in the district earning wages, certainly 4,500 of them receive their pay not from what is produced in Cripple Creek, but from fools who send money there.—Thomas Barton, in Atchison Globe.

Hired Swains.

A curious custom prevails in some provinces of Holland during the carnival season. Young women of the working class, especially domestic servants, who have no sweethearts of their own, are in the habit of hiring "followers" for their Sunday out, or for the whole of carnival period. These lovers are by no means to be had very cheap. Often two or three maids will club together and share a lover among them if he comes too expensive for one girl. This temporary lover has many duties to perform. Of course, he must be good-looking and well dressed, and an efficient and indefatigable dancer, "fit to be seen with anywhere," he must likewise possess good conversational powers. Besides receiving a variety of valuable presents from his "girls," he is "found" by them in victuals and drink. If a young woman can afford to engage a "swain" all to herself, so much the better, for the hireling often develops into a real lover, and ultimately into a husband. It can thus be said that, in some districts of Holland, the girls do all the wooing.—Buch fur Alle.

A Kabyle Hero.

The easy-going Kabyles push democracy to extreme limits, living on familiar and equal terms with their cattle and their swine—all occupying the common dwelling. A fine, hardy race of great bravery and many noble traits, they yet resemble the Arabs in their want of honesty. A story is told of a chief of theirs, Mokrani, which makes us think the days of chivalry are not yet gone. When, worsted in the Franco-German war in 1871, the French had to withdraw their troops from Algeria, and thus a grand opening was left for insurrection, Mokrani would not rebel, as he had pledged his word to the Algerian governor that there would be no rising against the French authority till the war was over. Even when a peace had been made, and he was thus released from his promise, he gave 48 hours' notice to the French of his intention to commence hostilities against them. Verily, he was a hero, and he died a hero's death in the thick of battle.—Westminster Review.

A Trapping Plant.

The baited trap is an imitation of the dionea or Venus fly trap. This singular specimen of the plant world presents to unsuspicious insects a drop of honey-like jelly, and when the victim descends to sip he finds himself seized by the treacherous leaves of the insectivorous plant which surround and strangle him on the spot.

EVEN SILK IS ADULTERATED.

Tannate of Tin and Silica to Give It Weight.

Some improvements in the treatment of silks are announced. Ordinarily silk is "weighted" by depositing tannate of tin on the fiber; the material receives a bath of tannic acid and then another of perchloride of tin, a repetition of this being made until an increase of the weight amounts to from 15 to 20 per cent., beyond which it is not considered safe to go in the case of silk intended to be dyed light shades or to be bleached. Recently a German inventor has brought forward a process in which silica is the weighting agent. In carrying out this method, says the Detroit News-Tribune, three steps are described. First, the silk, raw or in any stage of manufacture, and either before or after dyeing, is worked for an hour in a bath of perchloride of tin; then, after squeezing and washing, it is worked in a warm solution of water glass or soluble silicate of soda for about an hour, followed by washing, having also been previously passed through a solution of phosphate of soda. The operation may be repeated again and again, with no harmful effect on the fiber or on the subsequent dyeing, and in five operations the silk may be increased in weight some 100 to 120 per cent. The silk is now soaped, and, if already dyed, is cleared in an emulsion of olive oil and acid.

SAVED BY A WORD.

Knowledge of a Musical Term Proved Useful to an American Abroad.

There are more advantages in a musical education than most of us think, remarks the Washington Post. A certain physician here in town, who is just home from Europe, says: "I never appreciated the advantages of a musical education until I went into a barber shop in Italy. Nobody about the place spoke a word of English. I was stretched on a rack that passed as a chair and swathed in a towel. The barber made an impressionist sweep from the upper cheek to the lower chin. Gee whiz! how it hurt. My mouth and eyes were full of lather; I didn't know a word of Italian. I yelled. The barber seemed to pause for a moment. Perhaps he was gathering strength for a new onslaught. You have heard that a drowning man can think 50 years in a second. I thought whole libraries and dictionaries. Not a word of Italian. The razor was raised again. Suddenly I remembered a word that I had seen on my daughter's music, and had asked the meaning of.

"'Adagio! adagio!' I yelled. 'D—n it! Adagio!'

"'Si, signor,' said the barber, and my life was saved.

DANGEROUS FIRE RISKS.

Insurance Companies Ask High Rates for Some of Them.

The marine store business is a risk which most companies prefer to avoid. A dealer may have stuff on his premises, consisting of rags, old dresses, and the like, which is probably worth several thousands, yet the insurance companies will refuse to insure the stock at any price. In the case of an ordinary householder, most of these articles would be insured without a demur as household goods.

Lumber yards and sawmills are not regarded by insurance companies with a very favorable eye. The stock of a lumber yard was once insured at a moderate premium, but when a small sawmill was built on one portion of the premises, up went insurance company rates. Owing to the addition of the mill, where the premium before was something like $25, about $300 was required, and this favor was only to be granted on the strict condition that no timber was to be stored within 15 feet of the mill.

HARD SKULL SAVES HIM.

Mexican Receives a Volley of Bullets in the Head and Lives.

A Mexican was condemned to death for stealing a can of kerosene, remarks the Buffalo Express. He was taken out by a party of soldiers, received a volley of bullets at close range, and was left for dead. As soon as the soldiers had gone he sprang to his feet and walked to the City of Mexico, many miles away, where he entered a hospital. The doctors found three rifle bullets imbedded in his skull, but he was not fatally injured. Now the authorities of the town which ordered him executed want him back in order to shoot him again.

But he objects. He argues that if subjected to the discomfort of execution a second time his health might be greatly endangered. There is logic in that. The man's plea ought to hold good. It is a serious menace to a man's health to be taken out and shot, and the fellow who survives the experience once should be spared a second exposure, in order that he may come to the states and go the rounds of the museums as the man with the iron skull.

THE WEIGHT OF WOOD.

Blue gum is very heavy wood, a cubic foot weighing 52.68 pounds to the cubic foot.

Yellow pine, when green, weighs 33.81 pounds to the cubic foot; and when dry, 28.81.

American ebony is one of the heaviest woods known, weighing 83.18 pounds to the cubic foot.

White pine, when green, weighs 34.62 pounds to the cubic foot; when seasoned, 29.56.

Live oak, when green, weighs 78.75 pounds to the cubic foot; when well seasoned, 66.75 pounds to the cubic foot.

The best ash wood weighs 58 pounds three ounces when green to the cubic foot, and 50 pounds when dry.

Well-dried lignum-vitae is said to be among the heaviest of woods, weighing 83.31 pounds to the cubic foot.

—To go beyond the bounds of moderation is to outrage humanity. The greatness of the human soul is shown by knowing how to keep within proper bounds. So far from greatness consisting in going beyond the limits, it really consists in keeping within them. —Pascal.

—The greatest results in life are usually attained by simple means and the exercise of ordinary qualities. These may, for the most part, be summed up in these two—common sense and perseverance.—Feltham.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - - - MAY 1, 1896.

SHIPMENTS of 350 cats were made last week from Middlesex, Pa., to the state of Washington. They will be used to rid the country of gophers.

IT is said Emperor William thinks Spain should accept the friendly diplomacy of President Cleveland for a settlement of the Cuban trouble.

BIDS have been received for four times the proposed $2,000,000 loan of the republic of Cuba. They vary from par to 25 per cent. and average 62½.

THE imprisonment penalty provided in the several Quay reform bills looks like cruel attempt to shut up considerable of the big Republican majority in this state.

CONGRESSMEN MONEY, of Miss., and Hall, of Mo., exchanged courtesies in a committee room. Money called Hall a liar, and the latter threw an ink well at the former.

IF President Cleveland were to attempt to follow all the advice given him he would never do anything. Somebody once in a while bear patiently the rejection of his advice.

THE Armenian farmers are entirely without seed, and unless the government helps there will be no sowing. Relief disbursers at Gurun have been arrested, and many persons are dying of hunger. At Bitlis American relief agents are allowed to distribute.

A RICH vein of silver has been encountered by New York and Pennsylvania prospectors of South Canaan, Wayne county, Pa. How extensive the lead is cannot yet be ascertained. There is much excitement throughout the county in consequence of the discovery.

THE Baldwin locomotive works of Philadelphia have just closed another important contract with the Russian government for 60 large freight engines, to be completed by July 1. With the completion of this contract the firm will have constructed, since October, 1895, 134 engines for the Russians. The previous orders have all been filled.

THERE is no law under the sun, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, which makes the adoption of a unit rule by a state convention. They are not even in honor bound to vote as the state convention dictates instead of as their constituents direct. The unit rule is not binding unless Democracy in this state has succeeded by a most oppressive form of autocracy.

CAMBRIA county is gratified and highly honored in the recognition she received by the convention in the appointment of that leading Republican, F. H. Barker, Esq., as one of the eight state delegates-at-large to the national convention.—*Gosling.*

Yes, whatever is dispensed to Cambria county Republicans, is generally reached for by Mr. Barker. The honors and emoluments are all his'n. He has a great grasp.

THE Prohibition national convention, to be held at Pittsburg the latter part of next month, will be the largest ever held by that party. This will be the eighth national convention, the first one having been held in 1872. That year only four or five states were represented. This year word has been received from every state in the Union, and in nearly every instance the full quota of delegates will be present.

THE Venezuelan commission decided on Friday last to send representatives to the Hague to examine the original Dutch manuscripts in the royal archives bearing upon the boundary question. This will naturally be a work of months, at least; and the understanding prevalent in Washington that the commission will not report until December is, therefore, undoubtedly correct. The country is to be congratulated on this fact. It means the elimination from the presidential campaign of the whole wretched Jingo business, and to that extent assures a square battle on the currency question.

THE decision of the Attorney General that assessors must be paid by the county commisiioners for enumerating children of school age in the different school districts of the state, says the Philadelphia *Times*, is a construction of the compulsory education law that makes effective every provision in its several sections and disposes of the final objection to its proper enforcement. The board of county commissioners that now resist the carrying out of an imperative duty does so at a very great risk, as the attorney general purposes to have the new school law carried out in all its terms, regarding the matter as mandatory.

THE steel billets and steel rails, says the *Engineering and Mining Journal*, are in "combines," which holds the price of rails $7 to $8 a ton higher to our roads and consumers than to foreign purchasers. Billets from which wire and many other forms of merchant steel are rolled and drawn have been advanced several dollars a ton. The shovel manufacturers have combined to limit output and have advanced prices 20 per cent. With combines in explosives, in tools, in rails, in many other important articles used by miners and railroads, the cost of mining and delivering in market is largely increased, to the detriment of the consumer and producer and to the exclusive benefit of the combine. Instead of talking of increasing the tariff on such articles all import duty should at once be removed from every article made by "combines."

THE Democratic state convention at Allentown on Wednesday, nominated John M. Braden, of Washington county and Benjamin C. Potts, of Delaware county, as congressmen at large; W F Harrity, of Philadelphia, Charles A. Fagan, of Pittsburg, John S. Rilling, of Erie, B F. Myers, of Harrisburg, Robert E. Wright, of Lehigh, J. Henry Cochran, of Lycoming, J. Todd, of Montgomery, and John T. Lenahan, of Wilkesbarre for Delegates-at-large; and George W. Guthrie, of Pittsburg, William M Singerly, of Philadelphia, James D. Hancock of Venango and Alexander H Coffroth, of Somerset, for Electors-at-Large.

The committee on resolutions reported the platform which after declaring its adherence to the fundamental principles of Democracy adds:

"We are in favor of a firm, unvarying maintenance of the gold standard While we favor the most liberal use of silver consistent with the enforcement of a gold standard, we are absolutely opposed to the free coinage of silver and to the compulsory purchase of silver bullion by the government.

We believe that the interests of the people demand that the earnings of trade, agriculture, manufactures and commerce, and especially the wages of labor, should be paid in money of the greatest intrinsic value, and of the highest standard adopted by the civilized nations of the world. We are, therefore, unalterably opposed to all devices and schemes for the debasement of our currency and to all evasions and compromises of a question so closely affecting individual and national credit and honor.

We heartily indorse the administration of President Cleveland, and congratulate the country upon the firmness, wisdom and ability shown by him in all matters affecting the interests of the country. We especially commend his wise, determined and successful efforts to maintain the national credit, to avert financial and business disturbances, and to protect the country's honor.

The Democracy of Pennsylvania presents to the national convention as its unanimous choice for the presidency, the name of Robert E Pattison, knowing him to be honest, able, unassuming, fearless, a consistent Democrat, and in harmony with the highest purposes of his party.

We present him for the nomination to the Democracy of the nation, confident that this declaration of principles and of our choice for the presidency express the sentiments of the united Democracy of the state, and to the end that the vote and influence of Pennsylvania may be most effectively heard and felt, the delegates this day chosen are directed to vote as a unit in all matters entrusted to their charge, said action to be determined by the vote of the majority of the delegates.

THE Pennsylvania Republican convention on Thursday, says the New York *World*, in elaborate resolutions presented as their candidate for the presidency the notorious embezzler and corruptionist, Matthew S. Quay, a man who had not character enough to think of defending it in a court of law when challenged to do so.

This man a mere party boss and wire-puller at his best, has been openly accused by prominent men of his own party of embezzling large sums of money from the state treasury. The accusations have been printed and reprinted with the proofs in entirely responsible journals and circulated throughout Pennsylvania. He further affronted public decency by securing the pardon of his lobby partner when the latter was convicted of bribery. He has never made a speech or originated a policy or offered an idea of value to the country. Yet the party of great moral ideas in Pennsylvania has asked that Matt Quay be made president of the United States, characterizing him as "one of their foremost leaders, wise in council and brilliant and able in action, at once the type of the American citizen, scholar, soldier and statesman." The Quaystone Republicans have touched bottom. There is no lower depth.

THERE are unmistakable evidences on every hand that the fallacies and humbugs of protection are losing their hold on the agricultural mind. Petitions from county and state grangers are still pouring into congress in favor of an export bounty on farm products. This widespread movement, which the tariff mongers in congress affect to iguore, indicates that the great associations of farmers throughout the country have resolved to break forever with protection. Mr. David Lubin, of California, the indefatigable propagandist of the movement, has shown them that the chief burden of a protective tariff falls with crushing weight on agriculture. His propositions are that the entire product of farm staples in the United States is sold at the prices of the surplus exported to foreign markets, and that the American farmers must pay the protective taxes on the commodities they consume. An offer of Mr. Lubin of a contribution of $1,000 to the American protective tariff league to disprove these propositions still remain unaccepted. The champion of the Grangers has flung down his challenge, and the tariff mongers have ignominiously fled from the field.

IF there was anything that Mr. Harrity wanted and did not get at the Allentown convention it was because he forgot to ask for it and not that he could not have had it for the asking. Everything was under his thumb and when not going his way the gag rule was applied. All efforts to get an expression on the unit rule were suppressed and the delegation will go to Chicago to be manipulated for the best interests of the gang that have brought Democracy in Pennsylvania down so low that it will be difficult after the election to find enough left of the party in Pennsylvania to make an assignment.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., April 24th, 1896

The people are sometimes quicker to see the undesirability of proposed legislation than the congressmen are, and in election years, if at no other time, the expressed disapprobation of the people is quickly deferred to by the men who control congress. A case in point is the Pacific Railroads bill which has been reported to both house and senate. Now although this bill involves a tremendous amount of money, and that it is much more favorable to C P Huntington and his ring of capitalists than to the government, as was so ably shown by the protest written by Senator Morgan, from a sick bed and presented to the senate as a minority report, it was proposed to railroad it through congress during the last days of the session. This programme had the support of Speaker Reed and of leading men in the senate, and was being whooped up by Huntington and his lobby. The bill has been so generally condemned by the people that a halt has been called in the programme, and is is now said that the bill will not be acted upon at this session of congress, if it ever is in its present shape.

Senator Cockrell succeeded in his humane effort to have the senate amend the Indian appropriation bill so that it provides that two years shall be allowed the sectarian (Catholic) Indian schools, to prepare to turn their schools over to government schools, if they do not wish to teach them at their own expense; but there is no certainty that the A. P. A., which has shown its control of the house several times during the session, will agree to it.

President Cleveland assured the delegates to the national arbitration conference which met in Washington this week, who called on him, that he was thoroughly in sympathy with their aim to bring about a system of international arbitration of all disputes not affecting the soverignity of nations.

The unseating of Representative Cobb, of Ala., in favor of Goodwyn, the populist who contested the seat, by the Republican majority of the house, was a part of the deal through which it is expected to carry Alabama this year by a Republican-populist combine. This was so palpable that a few Republican members refused to vote for it, but not enough to defeat it. The danger of putting young men with more egotism than parliamentary knowledge in the speaker's chair was exemplified during the debate in this case. Speaker Reed desiring to consult with some of his boomers called Representative Barrett, of Mass., to the chair and retired to his private room to figure on his chances for the presidential nomination. Mr. Barrett got tangled up, and was about to get the house in the biggest sort of a row by attempting to shut off Mr. Cobb, who had been allowed one hour to speak in his own behalf. Fortunately somebody sent for Mr. Reed and he returned to the chair and straightened out matters. He also tried to let Mr. Barrett down easy by saying that he had misunderstood the agreement under which the house was acting, but Representative Bailey, of Texas, promptly called him down by shouting: "Ignorance, not misunderstanding." This man hopes to be speaker of the next house, if Reed becomes president and the house remains Republican—af ormidable "if."

Senator Smith, of N. J., has probably been scratched off Andy Carnegie's list of friends, if he was ever on it. The reason is an amendment which Mr. Smith wishes to have attached to the naval appropriation bill. This amendment instructs the secretary of the navy to make no contracts for armor plate for the battle ships provided for in that bill unless the price be at least as low as $300 a ton of 2,000 pounds. Carnegie is now making Uncle Sam pay $500 a ton for armor plate, but has promised to reduce the price, to prevent the government undertaking to make its own armor. Senator Smith wants to make sure that the reduction is what it should be, and yet there is no injustice in the figures he names as that is the price at which Carnegie and his associates have taken a Russian contract. It remains to be seen whether Carnegie's friends in congress can head off that Smith amendment.

There has been some excitement in congress this week on account of a statement made by Representative Sulzer, of N. Y. to the effect that Walter Dygert, a young American recently imprisoned by the Spanish authorities, had been secretly executed. Mr. Sulzer's information came from Cubans in New York who get it direct from their friends on the island. Secretary Olney thinks there is a mistake about it, as he has the promise of the Spanish authorities that young Dygert would be given his liberty and allowed to leave Cuba. If investigation proves that execution story to be true Spain would better look out for serious trouble. M.

Found Dead in a Barn.

Lancaster, April 25.—The body of Thomas E. Patton was found in the barn of Peter Reser in Salisbury township last night. The man disappeared from his home on the Reser farm on March 29. At first his family believed that he had gone to Philadelphia to secure employment. His continued absence worried them and a search was kept up, which resulted in the finding of his body in the barn.

On the day Patton disappeared a lot of paris green was found in the woodhouse. It is believed that he took a dose of the poison and then laid down in the barn. The body was decomposed so badly that it could only be identified by papers and the clothing. Patton was 35 years of age, and no motive can be given for his suicide.

Says She Killed Her Lover.

Waupin, Wis., April 26.—Minnie Allen, a prisoner in the State Penitentiary, has confessed to the chaplain that she is the murderess of Montgomery Gibbs, who was killed in Buffalo, N. Y., in April, 1894.

She told the prison chaplain that she met Gibbs in Canada several years before the murder and fell in love with him. Later she says his conduct toward her became cold and he refused to fulfill his promise to make her his wife. She followed him to Buffalo and asked him to keep his promise, but he refused to do so. She then secured a revolver, and when he again refused to marry her she shot him and fled from the city.

Too Much Forethought.

Athens, Tenn., April 26.—Miss Rose Lewis, a young society woman, yesterday attacked E. M. Brown on one of the principal streets with a cowhide and thrashed him unmercifully. Brown, a merchant, will bear the marks of his recontre to the grave. Brown's wife has been an invalid for years and is now near death's door. The other day, so Miss Lewis says, she received a letter from him saying that he did not expect Mrs. Brown to live long and he would soon need another helpmate. The young woman was furious at the suggestion and had been watching for Brown ever since.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Sixty-Seven Men Buried

El Paso, Tex., April 26.—The latest news of the catastrophe at the Santa Eulalia mines, near Chihuahua, Mexico, Thursday night, is to the effect that 85 men were working in the mine Thursday when it caved in, burying alive 67 of the men, all of whom were Mexicans.

Recently contracts were let to a number of Mexican miners and laborers to take ore from the old workings at so much per ton. In their eagerness to secure large quantities of ore with the least labor these contractors began tearing down the ore pillars which supported the roof of the mine. They also cut away masses of ore that had been left between the chambers. Thus weakened, the ground began to give way at 2 o'clock Friday morning, and almost instantly 67 of the men at work under ground were cut off from escape.

Governor Ahumada is on the ground with a large force of men working to recover the buried. Thirty-seven men have been recovered, 10 dead, 7 dying and 20 fatally hurt. At last accounts there were 30 men still in the ruins, with no hope of recovering them alive.

Fatal Cyclone in Virginia.

Roanoke, Va., April 25.—Late yesterday afternoon a cyclone accompanied by hail and very heavy rain all struck the city of Salem, seven miles west of here, and besides blowing down several barns, unroofing outhouses and uprooting trees, completely demolished two houses, in one of which a family of eight colored people resided, all of whom, and three others were in the house at the time of the disaster.

Jane Harris and her 5-year-old son were taken out dead from the ruins, and of the others four were badly injured, one, a 4 year-old girl, being fatally hurt. Surgical assistance was promptly rendered by the physicians of the town, and the wants of the homeless were also attended to.

The cloud, a dark, funnel shaped one, came up suddenly from the southwest, cutting a complete swath of about 150 feet wherever it passed. While considerable damage was done to property in other places in Roanoke county, no further loss of life is reported.

Mystery of a Dead Girl.

Chicago, April 25.—The body of a finely dressed young woman was found at 10:30 o'clock last night lying in a ditch near the intersection of West Forty-Fifth and Iowa streets. The dead girl did not appear to have been over 25 years of age. An empty bottle was found in the grass near the body and the police are inclined, from this, to believe it is a case of suicide, athough they are puzzled as to the identity of the young woman. The body was removed to the morgue.

The only woman reported as missing, on the police records, who might possibly be the one who was found in the ditch, is Mrs. Anna Harvey, who disappeared from her home in H. H. Holmes' "castle," No. 701 Sixty-third street, on Wednesday. Her husband reported her inexplicable absence yesterday, but he had not been called upon to identify the body last night. In many respects the description coincide.

Lynched Two Men.

Nashville, Tenn., April 26.—At midnight last night a mob of armed men, about 15, entered the jail at McMinnville, dragged the jailer from his bed, and forced him to give up the cell keys. William and Victor Hillis were then taken from the jail, carried on horseback five miles from McMinnville, and both were hanged. Before the mob succeeded in removing their victims from the jail they had a hard fight with them, but they were overpowered. The mob came from Van Buren county, where the lynched men lived.

The prisoners murdered in 1894, in Van Buren county, Carroll Martin, at his home, the purpose being robbery. Two trials in the lower courts have been held, and the cases were set for trial next week again. The prisoners have been held in the jail at McMinnville for safe keeping, and no attempt at lynching was expected.

The Venezuelan Muddle Again.

London, April 27.—In the house of commons to-day Sir William Harcourt, in accordance with notice given by him on April 23, asked the government what, if any arrangements had been made to conclude by arbitration a settlement of the differences between the United States and Great Britain in regard to Venezuela. Mr A. J. Balfour, first lord of the treasury, said that arrangements to arbitrate in respect to the Venezuelan and other questions was a matter which both the British and the United States governments had in view. The latest communication on the subject which had been received from the United States on Friday was now under consideration and dealt with both the general question of arbitration and the Venezuelan dispute. To give further information concerning the matter, he concluded, would at the present time be inexpedient.

Going to Bellefonte.

Bellefonte, Pa., April 26.—Governor D H. Hastings and family have decided to close up the executive mansion in Harrisburg the coming summer and spend three or four months occupying their residence in this place. Since the Hastingses have been in Harrisburg their home here has been occupied by Henry C. Quigley and wife, junior partner in Hastings' old law firm, to whom it was given rent free on a banter made by the governor on the evening of the day he was elected, in which he told Mr. Quigley that if he would get married he might have his house rent free while he was in Harrisburg. Now that the governor and his family have decided to spend the summer here Mr. Quigley will vacate the mansion.

Two Burned to Death.

Newburg, N. Y., April 26.—Mr. and Mrs Barney Cullen were burned to death in their home near Chester Orange county, to-day. They perished together in the sitting room, where Cullen had dragged his wife from their bed in his effort to save her. Morris Cullen, a son, fractured his leg in jumping from a second story window. George Thompson, an adopted son, sustained a bad scalp wound by being cut with glass when he was dragged through an upper window. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

DEMOCRATS IN SESSION

State Convention Being Held at Allentown Today.

PATTISON WILL BE ENDORSED.

The Gathering Will Start His Candidacy For the Presidential Nomination—The Platform Will Declare For Sound Money—Probable Nominees.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., April 29.—The largest gathering of Democrats that has attended a state convention in years is gathered in this city.

The convention opened by the election of William B. Given of Lancaster county as temporary chairman.

Ex-Governor Pattison will receive the unanimous and hearty endorsement of his state for the presidency in the convention. The platform makers have done their work, but nothing will be given out regarding its declarations beyond the fact that it will contain a strong gold standard plank, until it is announced in the convention.

The electors-at-large will be William M Singerly of Philadelphia, James D. Hancock of Venango, Thomas Collins of Center and George W Guthrie of Allegheny. Seven of the eight delegates-at-large will be William F. Harrity, Charles A Fagan of Allegheny, State Chairman Robert E. Wright of Allentown, J. Henry Cochran of Williamsport, John S. Rilling of Erie, ex-Congressman B. F. Myers of Harrisburg and John T. Lehman of Wilkesbarre.

For congressmen-at-large, John M. Braden of Washington county and Smedley D. Garrett of Deleware county have been slated.

A big parade participated in by organizations from all the eastern cities of the state attracted thousands of people to the main streets last night. Chairman Harrity rode in a carriage at the head of the parade and was greeted with enthusiastic cheers all along the line. A dozen bands played lively music and tons of fireworks were burned.

PRIMED FOR A FIGHT.

McKinley-Cullom Truce Likely to Break at Illinois Convention Today.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., April 29.—The Republican state convention opened today, a slight truce being on between the McKinley and Cullom men.

It was that the resolution instructing the national delegates-at-large should not be presented until after all the state officers, excepting the trustee of the state university, shall have been nominated, and that this resolution shall be discussed not to exceed one hour. Beyond this there seems to be a difference of opinion. The McKinley men claim that Dr. Jamieson, state chairman and leader of the anti-McKinley forces, agreed that this resolution should not be referred to the committee on resolutions. Dr. Jamieson denies that he so agreed.

If the McKinley delegates insist that the resolution be not referred to the committee on resolutions a fight may result. Every one is primed and prepared for a fight. Already from 10,000 to 12,000 visitors are in the city, and every one of them has taken sides either for McKinley or for Cullom. Some of the delegates who have been instructed by their counties to support McKinley say that when the instructions were given it was the understanding that there was to be no Illinois candidate. Now that Cullom has come here as an avowed candidate they believe, they say, that it is their duty to do all in their power for him. But there are many more instructed for McKinley, who will abide by their instructions and fight for him to the end.

Should a fight be precipitated on the resolutions question, the truce or agreement may be declared off and the whole program changed. Nothing is certain, for there are so many politicians on both sides, and each side will do everything to carry its point.

Mayday Strike In Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, April 29.—The structural ironworker, bricklayers and stonemasons will demand an advance in wages Friday, May 1, and if it is not granted, a general strike will be the result, tieing up most of the work under way in the city. The structural iron workers at a meeting decided to demand $3 a day.

Instructed For Quay.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., April 29.—J. H. Landrus of Tioga and John Meyers of Clinton were chosen delegates to the Republican national convention by the conferees of the Sixteenth congressional district. They were instructed for Quay. An effort to make McKinley their second choice failed.

PAUL HUNG THIS MORNING.

The Murderer of Joseph Yockey Executed at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, April 29.—William Paul was executed at the Ohio penitentiary early this morning. His neck was broken and life was pronounced extinct in just 11½ minutes. Paul was indifferent to his fate to the last. He declared his innocence on the scaffold, although there is no doubt as to his guilt.

He shot and killed his father-in-law, Joseph Yockey, in Brown county, near Ripley, July 5, 1894.

Teller Willing to Go.

DENVER, April 29.—The Republican publishes the statement that friends of Senator Teller have his assurance that he is willing to lead the Republican delegation to the St. Louis convention, although he reserves the right to refuse to be bound by the action of the convention if against silver.

Vermont Republican Convention.

MONTPELIER, Vt., April 29.—The Republican state convention is in session here today.

DESTRUCTIVE forest fires have broken out at several places in Centre county.

THE outlook is bright for a brisk summer in the Connellsville coke regions.

A ROCK rolled upon the Lehigh Valley railroad track at Stony Creek and wrecked a freight train.

THE finances of Schuylkill county are at such a low ebb that the county commissioners had to borrow $5,000 to bridge over the present demands.

The Biggest Fool at Large.

Is the individual who persistently neglects his health, and the means of preserving and restoring it. Many persons who are not constitutional idiots do this. They are genuine objects of compassion as well as censure. A failure of appetite, loss of sleep and flesh, impaired digestion, an uncertain condition of the bowels and symptoms of billiousness are so many warnings of the approach of disease. To disregard them is abject folly, which offended nature in due time punishes severely, if not fatally. That genuine and thoroughly reliable preventive of bodily mischief in the shape of chronic disease, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, will, if resorted to in time, avert those disorders, to the removal of which it is also fully adequate. Among these are chronic indigestion, liver complaint, kidney troubles, constipation, nervousness, rheumatism and malaria.

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DRY GOODS TO BUY?

Wash Goods—Dress Goods—Silks—anything—no matter what—send here for samples and let them and the prices prove whether it's any to your pocketbook's interest to buy here, as we state most emphatically and positively it is, and as you yourself will acknowledge when you see the goods.

SAMPLES don't cost you anything and they'll tell a lot about styles and values and this store's way of doing business, that will be well for you to know, we think, no matter if you do live miles away.

Write for the below mentioned and let them indicate what we mean:

SILK GINGHAMS, 25c.—the choicest selected designs and the best original quality that used to bring 50c. We have some others at 18c.

SILKS—large assorted lot of stylish warp prints at $1.00—everyone of them worth more money—some a good deal more.

A thousand yards of 32-inch Black Velour for making the stylish caps, $1.25 a yard. We don't believe its equal was ever sold under $2.00.

Send for samples elegant foreign Dress Goods and Suitings, 50c. to $2.50; or if you want something less costly, the American made goods—all wool copies of high-class imported good 25c. and 35c.; and send for our catalogue—that's free also.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

EMINENTLY SUCCESSFUL

His Rooms are Crowded.

Everybody Satisfied.

Dr. McClellan,

Celebrated Specialist,

Formerly in charge of the Electrical and Medical Department of the Hale Sanatatian, Hot Springs, Ark., will be at the

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.,
—ON—
Tuesday, May 5, 1896.

DR. McCLELLAN has been connected with the largest hospitals in the country, and has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He will give $50 for any case that he cannot tell the disease and where located in five minutes. He will return to Ebensburg every four weeks during the coming year.

Treats all curable Medical and Surgical Diseases, Acute and Chronic Catarrh, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Chronic Female and Sexual Diseases.

Epilepsy and Fits Cured.

A Positive Guarantee to

Young Men and Middle-Aged Men

Suffering from Spermatorrhea and Impotency as the result of self-abuse in youth or excess in mature years, and other causes producing some of the following effects: Emissions, blotches, debility, nervousness, dizziness, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, digestive memory and sexual exhaustion, which unfits the victim for business or marriage, are permanently cured by Remedies not injurious.

Blood and Skin Diseases.

Syphilis and complication, as sore throat, falling out of the hair, pain in the bones, eruptions, etc., are perfectly eradicated without mercury or other injurious drugs.

Gonnorrhea Gleet, Stricture, and all Urinary and Kidney troubles are speedily cured by treatment that never failed. He undertakes no incurable case, but cures thousands given up to die. Remember the date and come early, as his rooms are always crowded wherever he stops.

STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS, BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 21, 1891.

From what I know of Dr. L. A. McClellan, I am certain that he is eminently qualified as a physician and specialist to treat all forms of chronic diseases, and that his success has been marked—not only has he had great experience, but he is also a thorough and conscientious practitioner and deserves his success.

DR H. J. LINN,
President State Board of Medical Examiners.

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Will immediately Strengthen Stomach and Restore Appetite. For sale by Druggists or sent promptly by mail on receipt of price, 50c.

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Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency.

T. W. DICK.

General Insurance Agent.

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T. Violin Strings

Genuine Imported Russian Gut

The Finest in the World.
Every String Warranted.

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Grand Spring Opening of New Wraps, Dress Goods, Millinery, etc.

Among our special things we mention
44in. Dress Goods, Black and Navy, 25c.
New Shirting, assorted patterns, 4c.
Good Muslin, 5c.
Good Gingham, 5c. up.
All-wool Henrietta, black, 44in., 42c.
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White Spreads, full size, 67c.
Outing Flannel, 5c. up.
Novelty Dress Goods, black and navy, 20c.
Ladies' seamless black Hose, 2 pairs for 25c.
Large heavy linen Towels, 25c. pair.
Small Butter-Towels, linen, 2 pairs for 25c.
Ladies' Wash Waists, 25c. up.

Also a splendid assortment of new Dress Goods, Millinery, Persian Silk for Trimming, Underwear, Notions, ladies' and children's Coats.

We have the agency for the Standard Patterns and P. N. Corsets.

☞ Remember as a special inducement we give a give a Good Nickel Alarm Clock with a purchase of $10 or over.

We sell all goods at the very closest figures and cannot be undersold.

Mrs. R. E. JONES,

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BRADLEY'S MAIN STREET CASH STORE.

New things in Dress Goods, Fancy and Plain, New Styles in Wrapper Goods, Mosburg Silk Finish Henrietta from 13c. to 16c. per yard, entirely new. New Lining of all the latest kinds in the market.

New Embroideries, Laces and Trimmings.

Full assortment of Prints, Ginghams and Muslins. Full line of all the latest styles in Ladies' and Children's Shoes.

LADIES' AND MEN'S WEAR

we carry all the latest styles in Shoes, Shirts, Hats, &c., at very low prices. Come and see us when in town.

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Of wasting time over problems that others have thought out for you.

GOOD RESULTS

Come from long experience.

The Cinderilla Stoves and Ranges

Are the result of over thirty-five years experience. They are noted for their durability, cleanliness and economy.

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Their cleanliness lessens labor.
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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

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Seashore Express, week days	6 30 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days	9 23 a m
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Altoona Express, daily	1 00 p m
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays only	1 07 p m
Mail Express, daily	5 17 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily	8 12 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 14 a m
Pacific Express, daily	8 57 a m
Way Passenger, daily	2 36 p m
Mail Train, daily	4 28 p m
Fast Line, daily	8 58 p m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 34 p m

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DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION.

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JOHN PFISTER,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Hardware, Queensware,

MADE-UP CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

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ALL KINDS IN SEASON.

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EBENSBURG, PA.

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BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE both sexes. Write now. GEO. A. SCOTT, New York City.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - - MAY 1, 1896.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—Squire T. J. Stevens, of Gallitzin, was a few hours in town on Monday.

—A. Shanbaugh, Carrolltown's popular hotel man, was in town on Wednesday.

—Ex-Post Director George Myers, of Allegheny township, visited Ebensburg on Monday.

—Mr. Ed. Shields, of Loretto, paid Ebensburg a brief visit on Wednesday afternoon.

—Pennsylvania leather makers say bicycles have caused a decrease in the demand for harness.

—Roger Smith, of Barr township, and Samuel H. Smith, of Blacklick township, were visitors to Ebensburg on Tuesday.

—H. A. Shoemaker has leased the Miss Margaret Riley property, on Centre street, and will turn it into a business establishment.

—Dr. McClellan, the celebrated specialist, will be at the Mountain House, in this place, on Tuesday, May 5th. See his "ad" in another column.

—Miss Edith Schlaefer, daughter of Wilson Schlaefer, a former resident of Ebensburg, died at her home in Kane, Pa., one day last week, aged 20 years.

—J. J. Kaylor, editor of the Hastings Star, spent a few hours in town on Tuesday and while here paid the FREEMAN a pleasant fraternal call.

—A valuable horse belonging to Mr. George H. Roberts, of this place, that had been sick for some time, had to be shot on Sunday as it was hopelessly sick.

—One night recently thieves entered the residence of Rev. Father Rosensteel, of Johnstown, and secured five dollars in gold and a pair of gold rimmed spectacles.

—Some time during Friday night a jewelry store at Hyndman, Bedford county, was entered by tramps and thirty-six gold watches and a lot of rings were stolen.

—The Cleartield National Bank, of Clearfield, has taken out a burglar proof policy for the sum of $5,000, which is intended to cover that institution against any loss from burglars, etc.

—Silver dollars and half dollars are being chased by shavers of the queer in this place. Detectives are on the ground but so far no developments have been brought to the surface.

—Mr. D. C. Weitzel has started a wagon and buggy repair shop in Carrolltown and all repairing work in his line can have prompt attention by calling on him. Give him a call and his work will talk for itself.

—On Friday the barn of A. S. Walter, near Scalp, Westmoreland county, was consumed by fire. The loss is partially insured. About a dozen horses and cattle were burned.

—Messrs. H. A. Englehart, J. B. Denny, Esq., Lester Larimer, and H. H. Myers, Esq., attended the Democratic convention at Allentown on Wednesday. The latter gentleman was a delegate while the former were spectators.

—While milking a cow on Sunday, a son of Adam Miller, of Scalp Level, was painfully hurt. The cow had become enraged at the boy twisted its tail, when the boy gave him a bad gash in the left side and one of its horns.

—Allan Ward, who at argument court was sentenced to a term of two years in the western penitentiary for an attempt to outrage the person of Miss Lizzie Williams, of Wilmore, was taken to that institution on Monday by Sheriff Coulter.

—Five masked men bound Henry Bruner and wife, of Indiana county, one night last week and then looted the house. A pocketbook containing $20 was thrown in a field by the robbers, and this was all of any value they secured.

—The Pennsylvania has placed another order for 100-inch steel rails; to weigh 100 pounds to the yard, which are to be laid at different points between Altoona and Jersey City. This is nearly the weight rail which the company now uses.

—Miss Ida Hall, aged 24 years, daughter of John Hall, of Karthaus, Clearfield county, was injured a few days ago while playing on a turntable with some companions. The table was started and the unfortunate girl jumped to the ground in order to avoid being crushed but she was fatally crushed that she died the same evening.

—Mr. Jerome and wife, of Johnstown, were thrown from a buggy Sunday evening while driving and severely injured. Mr. Jerome was cut above the right eye and on the cheek, five stitches being required to close the wound. Her husband received a gash on the back of his head, four stitches being required to close the wound.

—The committee representing the Du Bois committee in aid of the widows and orphans of the victims of the late mine disaster are sending out circulars asking aid and assistance in behalf of those who were recently deprived of support. Remittances may be made to the Du Bois Deposit National bank will find.

—The number of rafts, mostly long logs, passing down the river this spring, is a fearful record. Prices have ruled low, pine and oak selling for as low as 5 cents per foot. At this rate timber cannot realize anything like the cost of its production. The best remaining should not be cut for several years.

—A single load of redwood has just been shipped from California to Nuremberg, Germany, for use in making lead pencils. The cedar forests of Europe that have supplied wood for pencils have practically exhausted, and the experts for a substitute reported that California redwood appeared to be most valuable material.

—Some farmers brought the tails of ground squirrels to the commissioners of Lincoln county, Wash., on one day last week to secure the bounty of one cent per tail. This was brought in 1,334 squirrel tails, and another 1,956. All the squirrels killed in one district, where they are said to almost make the farmers destitute by their crops.

—Farmers in the vicinity of Franklin say that there is a noticeable scarcity of birds in the rural districts, as compared with a few years ago. They also state is paying the penalty for the destruction of these birds, which, being insectivorous, were the farmers' friend. The ravages of insects among the grain crops are largely on the increase. One man is said to be the largest smokehouse in the United States was used for the first time Monday by the Pennsylvania Manufacturing company, at Natrona. It is 100 feet high, 130 feet in circumference at the base and 60 feet at the top. It is capable of storing 1,000,000 pounds of meat.

—On Thursday night of last week two Pullman coaches attached to a west bound freight train broke loose near Allegrippus, on the Pennsylvania railroad, and ran back, colliding with the engine of a freight train. The engine was demolished with a number of freight cars, and the two coaches were smashed. Engineer J. A. Daugherty and fireman James H. McKinzie, both of Altoona were injured.

—Mr. A. C. Buck, of Braddock, a brother of A. W. Buck, of this place, and a son of Hon. John Buck, of Carrolltown, was taken to his parents' home in Carrolltown, one day last week, suffering with typhoid fever, and on Monday another brother, Vincent J. Buck, also of Braddock, returned home suffering from the same disease. Both are having a severe attack of the dangerous malady and their condition is said to be critical.

—On Monday evening about 6:30, Henry Pitts, a colored man, employed by Contractor McManoman, at Portage, while attempting to board a westbound freight near Gallitzin tunnel, missed his footing and fell under the wheels, which passed over his left leg, crushing it to a pulp. The man was taken to the Altoona hospital, where his leg was amputated about 8 inches above the knee. His face was also cut in several places by the ballast.

—The light committee of council met the representatives of the Electric Light company, of Hollidaysburg, on Friday night, and held a conference with them, the object being to get an approximate price on the plant. It is found that the company ask $25,000 for their outfit. As the borough is limited to an expenditure of $15,000 it is not probable the present electric light plant will be purchased by the borough, and it is likely a plant for municipal lighting only will be built by the borough.—*Hollidaysburg Register.*

—Anton Restuztra, an Italian, whose home is in Brooklyn, N. Y., had his right foot cut off and the left one badly injured by a train near Conemaugh on Sunday night. He had attempted to board a train near that place, when he missed his footing and fell under the wheels. He was taken to the Memorial hospital, where Drs. W. B. and John Lowman dressed his injuries. Restuztra is about 29 years of age, and has an aunt living in Brooklyn, to whom a telegram has been sent informing her of her nephew's misfortune.

—Ex-Senator William A. Wallace, of Clearfield is dangerously ill from paralysis. He is able to recognize his son, William E. Wallace, who attends him, at 170 West Eighty-eighth street, New York, but is unable to speak. He has been suffering for some weeks and was very much prostrated by the recent hot spell. It was expected that he would be sent home to Clearfield during the last week, but it has not been done, and it is now unlikely that the attempt will be made unless he shall materially improve. His condition is regarded as very critical, and there is little hope that he can ever again recover the use of his faculties.

—On Monday night about eleven o'clock, Robert A. Henderson, of New Florence, fell under the wheels of a moving freight train at Bolivar and about one-half of the train ran over his legs. He was also badly cut and bruised about the head and other portions of the body. He was picked up by the train following the one from which he fell and taken to a Johnstown hospital, but he died in about five minutes after reaching the hospital. Robert, with a half dozen other young men, had gone to Bolivar to attend an exhibition given by the Kickapoo Indian Medicine company, and met his sad fate while making an effort to get home. He was aged 19 years.

—Miss Ophelia Lape, alias Gladys Williams, attempted to commit suicide in Johnstown on Friday by taking a dose of carbolic acid. She was taken to the Memorial hospital, where a three ounce vial of carbolic acid was found on her person. It was full, but the woman stated she had drank half the contents and then filed the bottle with water. Miss Lape is the young woman who recently went to Altoona from Pittsburg with a man who afterward deserted her. She was also knocked down by a young man on Twelfth avenue, that city, and carried into Dr. Sheedy's office in an unconscious condition. Reports from Johnstown are that the girl is out of danger.

—All the mines in this place shipping to tide-water points are getting what was looked for in the first of the month—a big slacking up of order. None of the mines are working full time, and reports from other points in this district are to the effect that it is dull every place. The Argyle colliery, however, has had an unusually busy month, and their shipments will exceed any previous month of this year. A number of new men have been put to work during the past week. It is expected by the operators that by the first of the month all mines will be running steadily as reports from the east say there is not a great deal of stock coal on hand.—*South Fork Record.*

A Man Badly Hurt.

On Saturday afternoon, Samuel Thomas, John Clement and Richard Llewellyn, all of this place, were employed by Thomas J. Reese, of the East ward, in taking down part of a large barn on the lot recently purchased by him from Superintendent Leech. The men had cut loose a portion of the roof about twenty feet square, with the intention of pulling it off in one piece. They had loosened it from the plate and at the comb of the roof and had hitched a horse to a rope that was fastened to one of the rafters.

Thomas had been prying the roof loose and after he had gotten it loose he was advised to get down from his dangerous position under the section of the roof, but laughed at their fears and ordered the horse to be started.

As soon as the rope tightened and the roof began to move, the purlin in the centre gave way and the roof dropped on Thomas, crushing him in a doubled-up position on the sill he had been sitting upon. It required some time to get assistance and raise the roof to get him out and when he was carried down his body was limp and lifeless, but he soon began breathing. It was at first supposed that his back was broken, his breast bone broken and his ribs crushed and he was taken to his home in the belief that death would result in a very short time.

He has continued to improve, however, and at this writing it is believed he may recover, his breast bone is broken and several of his ribs crushed, but his back is not so seriously injured as was at first supposed.

Communication.

The following party of young folks from Gallitzin drove out to Mr. George Adams' farm three miles from Ebensburg, on Thursday, April 23: Mrs. George McCloskey, Misses Annie Kough, Alice Bendon, Margaret Bechtell, Bertha Lego, Mollie Bendon, Mollie McCloskey, Viola Williamson, Messrs. George McCloskey, James Bendon, Wm. McCloskey, Frank Drass, James Leonard, Sherman McCloskey, Harry Lego, Christe Tobin, Wm. Clonan, Wm. McHugh, Martin Troy, Robert Sweeney, James Leonard, Andrew Shepard and Walter McCloskey. Those in attendance voted it a most enjoyable time.

JOHN F. STRATTON'S

Celebrated Russian Gut

Violin Strings

The Finest in the World. Every String Warranted.

John F. Stratton, *Wholesale Dealer.*

Send for Catalogue. 811, 813, 815, 817 E. 9th St. NEW YORK.

CANCER and TUMORS CURED; no knife. Book free. Drs. GRATIGNY & BUSH, 163 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

Frightful Boiler Explosion

Three men were killed and one injured in a terrible boiler explosion on the farm of Isaiah Gates, in White township, about two miles from Flinton, about noon on Saturday. The dead are: Frank Gates, single, aged 30 years, of Coalport; Demetrus McGough, married, aged 41 years, of Coalport; Harry Burgoon, aged 21 years, of White township. The injured, Isaiah Gates, married, who is an old resident of White township, aged about 60 years.

The boiler was in a portable saw mill which had been set up in a tract of woodland near Flinton to cut up timber for shipment to market. The mill was owned and operated by Robert Burgoon, of White township; and Isaiah Gates, his nephew, Frank Gates and Demetrus McGough, were the employes of the mill.

A short time before the explosion, Harry Burgoon, arrived at the mill and informed his father that his infant brother, aged about about eleven months, was very sick, that the father was wanted at home and that he would work in his stead during his absence. Harry took his father's place and Robert Burgoon went home to help look after his sick child.

Isiah Gates, Frank Gates, Demetrius McGough and Harry Burgoon were in the mill about noon when the boiler exploded, blowing the mill to atoms, and killing instantly three of the four inmates. The bodies of the dead men were horribly mangled, pieces of clothing and flesh being strewn for a hundred yards. A part of McGough's body was found in the top of a tree, some distance from the mill,

The boiler was without a steam gauge, it is said, and had a safety valve that would not work.

Isaiah Gates, the only man who escaped, was so dazed by the explosion that he could not give any account of the accident.

Robert Burgoon's youngest child died on Saturday and the family was doubly bereft, having the youngest and oldest children both lying dead in the home at the same time.

Demetrius McGough was a son of Charles McGough, a former resident of White township, but for several years a citizen of Altoona. He is survived by a wife but no children.

New York Fashion Notes

Fancy waists are again very popular for Spring and Summer wear and even some costumes are sent from the modiste with one or two extra waists.

They are more often made in the style of Louis XIV and XVI. Such coats are very elegant, made of brocade or satin with lace jabot or ruffles and with handsome waistcoats. Many of these waists are made with flowered taffeta sleeves. The new sleeves are smaller, drooping or trimmed with ruffles and puffs. The favorite colors of the Spring are tones of green, heliotrope, light brown and gray. All new French skirts are decidedly smaller, the average width being five and a half yards, many of them being very much less than five. The front and sides have an easy fullness, with the gathers or pleats clustered in the back. Silk linings in bright colors are most attractive. At many of the Spring expositions of gowns, the new capes attract the most attention on account of the richness of material and the novelties in combination of color. The necks have elaborate ruches, collarettes of mousseline de soie, ribbons, flowers and jets.

The McDowell Fashion Magazine at hand contain many new ideas of great value to both professional and amateur dressmakers.

"La Mode de Paris" and "Paris Album of Fashions" cost $3.50 each per year or 35 cents a copy. The "French Dressmaker" is $3.00 per annum or 30 cents a copy, and "La Mode" $1.50 per year or 15 cents a copy. If you are unable to procure either of these journals from your newsdealer do not take any substitute, but apply by mail to Messrs. A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th street, New York.

Mine Inspection.

Harrisburg, April 26.—The forthcoming report of the secretary of internal affairs will devote considerable attention to the department of mine inspection. It will give the reports of the eight anthracite and ten bituminous inspectors for the last year, and will recommend legislation looking to the organization of a mining bureau, under the supervision of the department of internal affairs. Under present conditions the inspectors do about as they please.

Last year there were 142,605 persons employed in the anthracite region, an increase of 3,910 over the previous year and the output was 50,847,104 tons, an increase of 5,340,025. The accidents were greatly decreased.

In the bituminous region the number of employes was 84,904, a decrease of 1,273, due to strikes and suspensions. The output was 51,813,112, an increase of 12,012,902 tons over the previous year.

Luzerne county holds the lead in the anthracite region with a production of 19,143,101 tons last year and Allegheny leads the bituminous region. There were 420 fatal accidents in the anthracite region and 155 in the cituminous region.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, April 30th, 1896:

Bernard Litzinger and Ann Dunlap, Susquehanna township.

Benjamin Hartill and Alice Heaton, Puritan.

J. A. Clearwater, Johnstown, and Charlotte Staley, Stonycreek township.

Frank E. Farrell, Marrellville, and Bessie M. Somerville, West Taylor township.

George A. Plummer, Summerhill, and Mary E. Dugan, Portage.

Andy Lukath and Mary Ninpoover, Johnstown.

John Molysko and Kate Ochocienski, Johnstown.

William F. Patch and Emma Strayer, Morrellville.

George Adams, Allegheny township, and Kate O'Neill, Munster township.

John Krivac and Mary Krivacka, Johnstown.

Joseph Finak and Mary Marnsak, Johnstown.

J. W. Krotzer and Ida B. Blough, Johnstown.

Run Down by the Cars.

At 8:30 o'clock Friday morning extra freight No. 410 struck and seriously injured M. M. Henry, of Portage. He was crossing the tracks at the railroad crossing at that place when he was struck by the train. His injuries consisted of a compound fracture of the left leg between the ankle and knee, also fracture of the skull. He was taken to the office of Dr. Glass where he received prompt medical treatment, but his injuries were two serious to hope for recovery, and he died at an early hour on Saturday morning. The deceased had removed from Huntingdon to Portage about a year ago and was employed as bookkeeper for the Lovel Coal company. He was about 56 years of age and leaves a wife and three grown children residing at Portage, two boys and a girl. It is supposed he had been in Johnstown on business connected with his position and had gotten off Philadelphia express, probably intending to walk to his home, when the fatal accident overtook him.

State School Appropriations.

The school department at Harrisburg has just completed its calculations for the distribution of public school funds for next year. The appropriation is $5,500,000, and amount allotted to each county varies according to the list of taxables as returned by the county officials. This list is made out after three years; consequently, triennially raised valuation for each county must be taken into consideration. The rate for this year is 9 mills, while the rate for the past year was a fraction less than 3.302. On this basis of bearing, [illegible] Blair, $70,352.-; later filling me with a[illegible]a, $44,008.82; [illegible]reland, $128,-

Ebensburg School Report.

Report of Ebensburg School for the months ending April 6 and 20, 1896:

TEACHERS.	Room	Whole No. in attendance. Boys	Girls	Total	Average attendance. Boys	Girls	Total	Visitors
Allie Lloyd	1	27	27	54	24	24	48	15
Annie Bevson	2	20	34	54	10	32	51	6
Myra Richardson	3	20	24	44	18	21	39	0
Maggie Shenkle	4	18	20	38	16	18	37	4
F. McKenrick	5	21	23	44	21	19	40	0
Annie Jones	6	15	19	34	14	16	30	0
T. L. Gibson	7	5	6	11	4	6	10	0

Following is a list of the pupils who were present every day during the month:

Room No. 1.—Harry Peach, Russell Leech, Edwin Englehart, Roy Fredericks, Eldon Davis, Harriet Squires, Iva Fredericks, Anna Rodgers, Margaret Davis, Gracie Meisel, Maggie Davis, Grace Gant, Lolo Williams, Mary McGough. Pupils who were perfect in attendance during term are Harry Peach, Edwin Englehart, Iva Fredericks.

Room No. 2.—Gertrude Englehart, Emma Tibbott, Edna Barker, Maggie Evans, Lizzie Glasser, Oline Denny, Grace Denny, June Boney, Arthur Cresswell, Alfred Isenberg, Albert Meisel, Conrad Brown, Comer Sipes, Tommie Cassidy, May Schott, Alberta Luther, Bertha Crook, Mabel Jones, Mamie Cassidy, Aline O'Hara, Gussie Owens, Reardon Brown, Wilfred Hunt, Warren O'Hara, John Luther, Ira Tibbott, Bennie Davis, Claire Darragh, Edwin Scanlan, Florence Apel. Gussie Owens was perfect in attendance during the term.

Class Leaders:—A class, June Boney; B class, Mabel Jones.

Room No. 3.—Ruth Squires, Ethel Davis, Mildred Owens, Lizzie Hunt, Mardie Sipes, Ettie Crook, Rose Crouse, Vera Williams, Viola Crook, Nettie James, Lizzie James, Fannie Thomas, Willis Davis, Butler Williams, Seedis Peach, Bennie Luttringer, Ray Bolsinger, Fearon Ludwig, Earl Jones, Edwin Reese, Allan Barker, Eddie Cassidy. Mildred Owens was perfect in attendance during the term.

Class Leaders:—A class, Ethel Davis; B class, Vera Williams.

Room No. 4.—Clara James, Mabel Gant, Dorothea Peach, Agnes Connell, Eva Garman, Mildred Eberly, Bessie Darragh, Flora Weaklen, Lida Davison, Ada Meisel, Nettie Meisel, Nona Evans, Alonzo Cresswell, Richie Owens, Walter Myers, Willie Craver, Harvey Tibbott Waldo Squires, Joseph Crouse, Jesse Davis, Tommie Evans, Jesse Evans, Carl Englehart. Pupils who were perfect in attendance during term are Jesse Evans, Richie Owens, Ada Meisel, Mabel Gant, Mildred Eberly, Eva Garman.

Class Leaders:—A class, Lida Davison; B class, Eva Garman.

Room No. 5:—Eveline Parrish, Mary Englehart, June Davis, Sibbie Shields, Gertie Ferguson, Marie Myers, Emma Evans, Frank Borkey, Alvin Evans, Frank White, Roperic Ritter, Eddie Shoemaker, Joseph Davis, Dannie Thomas, Walter Apel, Charles O'Hara, Frank Gates, Alfred Shoemaker, Wilbert Connell, Walter O'Hara, Ronald Darrah.

Class Leaders:—A class, Mary Englehart; B c'ass, Frank Gates.

Room No. 6—Annie Owens, Jennie Empfield, Jennie Evans, Bessie Shoemaker, Lida Ludwig, Alberta Gates, Herbie Evans, Abner Lloyd, Davis Evans, Elmer Davis, Arthur Evans, Walter Jones, Willie Borkey, Clifford Jones, Mary Connell. Pupils who were perfect in attendance during the term are Abner Lloyd, Walter Jones, Herbert Evans, Clifford Jones, Elmer Davis.

Class Leaders:—A class, Jennie Evans; B class, Alberta Gates.

Room No. 7—Mary McCabe, Annie McBreen, Nellie Davis, Ollie Davis, Edwin Craver, Chas. Evans, Emily Davis.

Class Leader:—Lucinda Bradely.

RealEstate Transfers.

George F. Huff et ux. to Edward J. Berwind, Adams, consideration, $12,212.

Paul Short et ux. to Joseph A. Grantner, Carroll, $140.

George H. Miller et ux. to Henry Miller, Carroll, $1.

Henry Miller to Victoria Miller, Carroll, $1.

R. F. Gallaher to Clarance C. Edmiston, Patton, $325.

Daniel Custer et ux. to James L. Snowden, East Conemaugh, $400.

Spangler Improvement company to Robert F. Notley et al., Spangler, $400.

William J. Donnelly & Co., et al. to Anthony Good, Patton, $450.

John Ashcroft et ux. et al. to John Jonta, Cresson, $200.

Griffith Griffith et ux. to John G. Griffith, Cambria, $1,500.

Frank P. Martin et ux. to Mary J. Cook, Dale, $2,300.

B. F. Byers et ux. to Robert J. Shaffer, Moxham, $700.

Katharine Vowinkle et al. to Caroline Newhouse, White, $250.

Assignee of James Kikpatrick et ux. to Jacob Kirkpatrick, Hastings, $450.

Sheriff of Cambria county to Baltimore Building & Loan association, Johnstown, $200.

Sheriff of Cambria county to Baltimore Building & Loan association, Johnstown, $3,700.

Sheriff of Cambria county to Gallitzin Building and Loan association, Gallitzin, $25.

Effie D. Rose et vir to Jacob Zimmerman, Johnstown, $200.

Assignee of John Brown et ux. to Webster Land & Improvement company, Croyle township and Summerhill borough, $2,310.

Morrellville Building & Loan association to George Byers, West Taylor, $400.

Fred Bland et ux. et al. to A. G. Gray, Blandsburg, $40.

A. C. Gray et ux. to J. Edward Kuhn, Blandsburg, $125.

T. Sheehan et ux. to James F. Davis, et ux., White, $1,500.

Chest Creek Land & Improvement company to E. C. Brown, Patton, $250.

James Mellon et ux. to Albert Stern, Carroll, $115.

Rhinard Rhoads to W. W. Rhoads et al., Adams, $3,000.

George T. Haddin et ux. to Harvey J. Miller, Morrellville, $1.

Clara Rodgers to James Forsyth, Moxham, $500.

W. W. Ingram et ux. Fred M. Walton, Barr, $1,450.

Weight of Cattle.

In the year 1710 the weight of fat cattle in the London market averaged only 370 pounds. This, too, at the average age of five years, prior to which time they were not considered marketable. In 1725 this average weight had increased to nearly 482 pounds. In 1830, 105 years later, the average weight of cattle sold on the London market was 650, almost twice what it was in 1710, and at the same time the average age at which such beasts were sold was only 4 years, as against 5 years at an earlier date.

We have no statistics which show exactly the average weight of the fat cattle of to-day, but believe that we are not far from the truth when we say that it is at least twice what it was in 1830, and upwards of four times greater than it was in 1710.

—During the spring renovating, if an old wall paper is to be removed, before going to work close the doors and windows tightly, place and old boiler or tub in the room and fill it with boiling water. The steam will moisten the paper, and the work may be done more easily and quickly.

Miscellaneous Notices.

FURS WANTED. Highest prices paid for all kinds of Furs. Bring them to GEO. L. FREDERICKS, Nov. 1, 1895. Ebensburg, Pa

WANTED HORSES. If you have horses to sell bring them to the Mountain House stable, Ebensburg, Tuesday, May 5th, 1896. apr 24 2t.

WANTED—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg Pa. mch22

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch26t.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in March, $1,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, LESTER LARIMER, Secretary. President.

WOOL. Farmers can get 22 cents per pound in trade for wool at the store of W. A. B. Little, in Loretto. A large and well assorted stock of general merchandise is on hand to select from. apr. 17 6t.

FOR COMMISSIONER: ROBERT FERGUSON, of Blacklick township, will be a candidate for the office of County Commissioner on the Democratic ticket, subject to the decision of the next county convention.

WANTED A good responsible man to skid out and load lumber on cars about 500 cords of bark and 2 000 cords of paper wood. Particulars at job, Vintondale, Pa. Send bids to F. R. Thompson, New Bethlehem, Pa. apr 24 2t.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Robt. McIlreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct11tf

Orphan's Court Sale OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Cambria county, Pennsylvania, to me directed, I will expose to public sale on the premises in Clearfield township, in said County of Cambria, on

FRIDAY, MAY 22, 1896,

at 2 o'clock, P. M.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Clearfield, County of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, on the public road between Unest Springs and Ashville, adjoining lands of Sutton heirs, David Lozinger heirs, John S McHugh, Thomas Miller and others, containing

200 ACRES

more or less, and having thereon erected on one end of the land a large TWO-STORIED FRAME HOUSE and large bank barn and out buildings, and on the other end of the land a

TWO-STORIED FRAME HOUSE

and barn and outbuildings. All buildings being in good repair.

If it be desired by purchasers the said land will be divided into two parts by a designated line and sold in separate pieces if thereby better prices can be obtained than by selling the land in one whole piece.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one-third to be paid at the confirmation of sale; one-third in one year and the remaining third in two years from the confirmation of sale. Deferred payments to bear interest and to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage of purchaser.

ANNA BURK, Administratrix of Edward Burk, deceased. Altoona, Pa., April 30th, 1896. ma 1 3t.

RESTAURANT NOTICE.

I respectfully give notice to my many patrons of Ebensburg and country people at at large that on and after April 1, 1896, I will move my restaurant from Julian street to Centre street, in sight of the Cambria House, next door to Wilkinson's Marble yard, where I will be pleased to see all my old patrons, hoping a liberal share of the public patronage. I serve meals and lunches at all hours. Price, 15 and 20 cents. I will keep a full line of confectionery, fruits, candies, cigars, oysters, ice cream in season, ice cream in all flavors, special dinners and suppers gotten up by giving timely notice, spring vegetables in season. I will have a special parlor for ladies and their escorts. Thanks for past favors.

Respectfully yours, mch 20 tf. JAMES H. GANT.

AUDITOR'S SETTLEMENT. Statement of settlement with the Supervisors of Blacklick township for the year ending March 9, 1896.

In account with JOHN HINES, Supervisor.

	Dr.	Cr.
To amount of Duplicate	$717 96	
To amount done on road		$680 42
By returned tax		22 37
Credit by plank from C. G. Farbaugh		3 11
For plank and timber		5 09
Outstanding orders		8 70
Order paid A. A. Bennet for cutting timber		2 00
Hammers and oil		1 10
Exonerations		2 11
Balance due supervisor from 1895		12 78
Services of supervisor, 56 days at $1 50		84 00
Order on commissioners	53 55	
Order on commissioners	49 17	
	$820 68	$820 68

In account with J. B. HITE, Supervisor.

	Dr	Cr.
To amount of duplicate	$ 870 13	
Received from John Davis	30 00	
Received from Griffith and Barkers on the unseated land	125 00	
To amount of work done on roads		$ 800 16
By returned tax		34 45
By exoneration		7 62
Cr. paid J. G. Pringle for building bridge		50 00
By work on money received from Griffith and Barkers		94 00
Services of same		31 00
For hammers, handles and plank		2 80
Services of supervisor, 59 days at $1 50		88 50
Orders on commissioners	88 40	
	$1,113 53	$1,113 53

We, the undersigned auditors of Blacklick township, have audited the above account and found it correct to the best of our knowledge and belief.

G. A. MICHAELS, H. C. ROWLAND, JOHN NIPPS, } Auditors.

Attest, Walter Edwards, Clerk. apr 17 3t.

For Your Protection.—Catarrah "Cures" or Tonics for Catarrah in liquid form to be taken internally, usually contain either Mercury or Iodide of Potassa, or both, which are injurious if too long taken. Catarrah is a local, not a blood disease, caused by a sudden change to cold or damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucus, and if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrah will follow; severe pain in the head, a roaring sound in the ears, bad breadth, and oftentimes an offensive discharge. The remedy should be quick to ally inflammation and heal the membrane Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowleged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents. nov 10 9t ly.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the final account of Frank M. Shaffer, administrator of George Shaffer, deceased:

"And now, April 20th, 1896, W. Horace Rose appointed auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of said accountant. "BY THE COURT."

Certified April 20, 1896.

F. B. JONES, Clerk O. C., (SEAL)

Notice is hereby given, that pursuant to the above appointment, I will sit at my office in the Fisher building, Clinton street, Third ward, City of Johnstown, on TUESDAY, MAY 19th, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all persons having claims upon the said fund may appear and present the same. All persons failing to present their claims at that time, before the auditor, will be debarred from coming in for a share of the fund. W. H. ROSE, Auditor.

Johnstown, Pa., April 25, 1896. ma 1 3t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pa In re account of William G. Schroth, assignee of Charles Fagan. The undersigned, having been appointed auditor to report distribution of the funds in the hands of the accountant, as shown by his first and final account to and among the persons legally entitled to receive the same, hereby gives notice that he will sit in the Attorney's Room, in the Court House, Ebensburg, Pa., on TUESDAY, MAY 19, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for attending to the duties of said appointment, when all persons interested may attend and be heard or be forever debarred from laying claim to any part of said fund.

F. C. SHARBAUGH, Auditor. Ebensburg, Pa., April 22d 1896. 3t.

IF YOU ARE NOT

SATISFIED

Then we are not satisfied until you are satisfied With goods and prices.

HIGH GRADE GROCERIES.

Everything we have is fresh. We guarantee quality. We want your regular all-the year-around trade. Let us sell you all you can eat.

We sell standard Corn at 5c.
" " Tomatoes, 6c.
" schreded Cocoanut, 8c.
" Prunes, 5, 7, 9 nd 10c.
" Evaporated Peaches, 6c.
" Raisins, 4c.
" Corn Starch, 5c.
" package Coffee, 20c.

Chop per sack, 85c.
Tea, 18c.
Best Tea, 40c.
3lb. can Apple Butter for 25c.
Syrup, 30c.
L Beans, 5c.
Mustard per glass, 5c.
Apricots, 10c.

The Woman Who Loves Bargains.

They make fun of the woman shopper—everybody does—but it is she who knows a Bargain wot is a Bargain, (as Uncle Reuben would say.)

Yard-wide Muslin, bleached or unbleached, - 4c.
Apron Gingham, - - - - 5c.
Light Calicoes, - - - - - 6c.
Dress Ginghams at - - - - 7c.
Serges, all wool, all colors, 46in. wide at 50c. per yard.

THESE ARE ALL BARGAINS.

WE LEAD

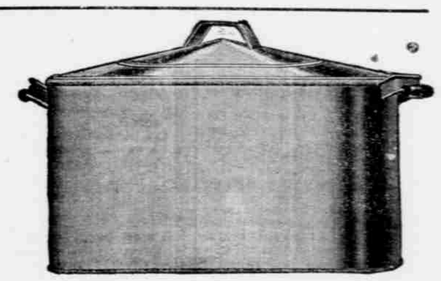
The Carpet Trade and there must be a solid substantial reason for it. There is and the reason isn't hard to locate. It is such goods and offers as these:

All-wool Ingrain Carpet, - - 40c.
Other Ingrain for - - 25, 30 and 35c.
Home-made Rag Carpet, - 35 and 40c.

If You Are Going to Do Papering

This Spring see our stock of Wall Paper. It is very handsome and low in price.

This cut represents a Wash Boiler that



WILL : NOT : RUST.

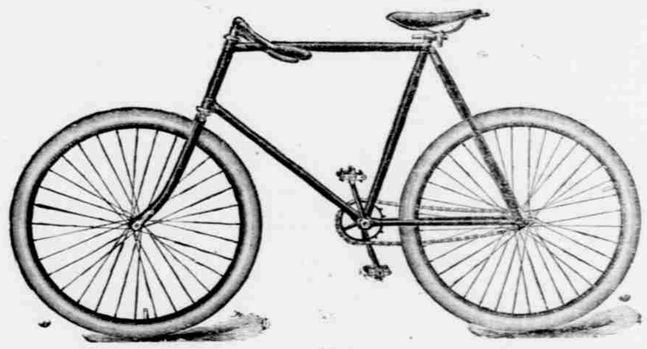
We handle a full line of this Tinware. If any piece rusts bring it back and we will replace it FREE OF CHARGE.

Yours for Low Prices,

H. ORTH, CALLITZIN. PA.

☞ Goods amounting to $10.00 or over DELIVERED FREE to any point,

BICYCLES. BICYCLES.



All Kinds and Sizes for Sale by

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK. ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co., BANKERS, EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Carrolltown Bank, CARROLLTOWN, PA.

T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully, JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

S. L. REED. MATTHIOT READE.

REED & READE, Attorneys at Law, EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

☞ Office on Centre street. [4.28 93

KITTELL & LITTLE, Attorneys at Law, EBENSBURG, PA.

☞ Office in Opera House. 2.9.94

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, PENN'A

☞ Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. chf.-'90

J. F. McKENRICK, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, EBENSBURG, - PA

☞ Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW EBENSBURG, PA.

☞ Office in Colonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, PENNA.

☞ Office in Opera House, Center street.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO., PITTSBURG DEPT., PITTSBURG, PA.

oct18.89ly.

Mountain House Shaving Parlor

Located on Centre street near Mountain House office. Shaving, Hair Cutting and Shampooing done in the nextest and best man

ANDY'S LABOR OF LOVE.

Patriotism, Not Profit, Why Carnegie Makes Armor.

BLAINE AND OTHERS URGED HIM.

The Steel King Thinks If He Had Done as Much For a Foreign Nation He Would Now Be a Peer—The Investigation of the Senate Committee.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—The senate committee on naval affairs has made public the testimony taken in the armor plate investigation. This investigation was directed largely at Commander Folger, who had accepted a position with the Harvey company after his retirement from the office of chief of the bureau of ordnance of the navy department. In his testimony Mr. Folger said that he had felt a deep interest in Mr. Harvey's discovery from the beginning, but that he did not agree with the Harvey company to enter its employ until after he had resigned as chief of ordnance. He says that he did not go to Europe to arrange contracts with foreign governments, as stated in the senate resolution, but to settle a controversy with the foreign agent of the company.

Mr. Folger admitted asking that Harvey's application for patent be expedited, but said this was done because of the novelty and importance to the department of his invention. He said that while with the department he was not influenced in his dealings with the Harvey company by the possibility that he might enter the employment of the company.

In reply to a question as to the cost of manufacturing armor plate and the price paid by the government, he said he believed the cost to be from $250 to $300 a ton, while the price paid is $550 "I think," he continued, "that the cost should be taken alone as a measure of the price that we should pay. There is a certain risk that manufacturers may have armor plate thrown back upon their hands, through failure to pass contract tests, and that enhances the price somewhat."

Secretary Herbert explained in his testimony many points under investigation, among others the reason why Secretary Tracey provided a fund of 2 cents per pound on armor made by the Carnegie company in addition to the price paid, saying it was to indemnify the company against a claim of the Schneider company of Creusat, France, for infringement of patent. He said the money thus provided had never been paid and that the payment had been resisted. He said it had been desirable, at the time the contract was made, to have competition in the construction of armor plate, the Bethlehem company was the only institution capable of manufacturing it at that time, and he thought this consideration would have been sufficient to justify the offer of the 2 cents additional if competition could not otherwise be secured.

Mr. Herbert said that up to date $5,522,264 had been paid to the Bethlehem company and $4,657,331 to Carnegie for armor plate. Existing contracts call for $800,000 more. He said the manufacturers had agreed to reduce the price on future contracts to $450 per ton, but the plate at that price was not to be harveyized.

The secretary gave the opinion, as Senator Chandler has given, that the Harvey patent was invalid, and would so be decided. He had therefore decided not to pay on that account.

Ex-Secretary Tracey, in testifying, said that the Harvey process had been called to his attention by Commander Folger in 1890 and he (Tracey) had concluded that if this process could be applied to nickel steel we should have an ideal armor, and after it had been demonstrated that this could be done the system was adopted. Referring to the contracts with the Bethlehem and Carnegie works he said it was not true, as senators seemed to suppose, that he had taken any of the contracts awarded to Bethlehem and given them to Carnegie. He had taken one contract for deck armor from the Bethlehem company and given it to the Linden company, saving the government about $400,000. In his efforts to induce Carnegie to found an armor plant he had tried to induce him to make a lower price than that charged at Bethlehem, but had failed. For the same reason he allowed the 2 cents a pound additional to indemnify the firm in the contest over the patent.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie, in giving his statement, said that ex-Secretary Tracey and President Harrison had been responsible for forcing him into the making of armor. "If it had not been for a telegram received when I was abroad, stating that Secretary Tracey had requested us to do so, as our duty, to help the United States government out of its difficulty when its ships were standing in the stocks and it could not get armor, you would never have found the Carnegie company engaged in the manufacture of armor. The Bethlehem company was too sanguine. They did not know so much about armor-making as I think I did. I had often visited the European works, and nothing would have induced me to go into the manufacture of armor plate as a money-making business. If we had put the money we have in the armor plant today and time and skill into our regular business we could have made much more money than we have made, and we would have had no trouble."

Mr. Blaine had also urged him, saying it was feared that not a ship would be finished in President Harrison's administration. He said he had entered upon the work as a matter of patriotism. "Had we," he said, "done what we did for any European government, a peerage, or the legion of honor would have been offered us."

Mr. Carnegie said there was $3,000,000 invested in his armor plant, and the reason the business did not pay was because there were contracts of only about 3,000 tons a year. The plant often stops for six months, but interest and expenses go on. He said the price received was exactly the English price, and he had been amazed that the Bethlehem company had agreed to accept such a price because of the difference in the cost of labor.

Chief Constructor Hichborn of the navy gave the opinion in his statement that an armor plant could be established for $2,000,000 and that it would be advisable to build one.

The Rioters Indicted.

PHILADELPHIA, April 29.—The six men accused of riot and of assaulting non-union motormen and conductors of the Union Traction company, five of whom are themselves employes of that corporation, while the sixth is an employe of the Baldwin locomotive works, have been held in heavy bail, and returns were immediately made to the grand jury, which found true bills of indictment against the accused.

Ex-Judge Reed Leaves Vanderbilt.

PITTSBURG, April 29.—Ex-Judge J. H Reed of this city, known for years as the representative of the Vanderbilt railroad interests, has resigned the vice presidency of the Pittsburg and Lake Erie railroad and the chairmanship of the board of directors of the Pittsburg, McKeesport and Youghiogheny railroad to identify himself with Andrew Carnegie's railroad interests.

Powder Factories Running Full.

PAULSBORO, N. J., April 29.—Owing to the unusually large demands for powder, for both military and sporting uses, the powder works of the DuPonts at this place and Carney Point are running to their full capacity, day and night.

A Xenia Preacher Resigns.

XENIA, O., April 29.—Rev. T. B. Collins, pastor of the First Baptist church of this city has resigned.

LAFFERTY IS CLEARED.

Nothing to Connect Him With Ollie Reichart's Death.

HAMILTON, Ont., April 29.—The inquest on Ollie Reichart, the Sharpsville (Pa.) girl who died here in February under suspicious circumstances, has been concluded, and resulted in the jury returning a verdict of death from unknown causes. There was nothing in the testimony to connect Druggist J. A. Lafferty of Sharon, Pa., with the death, except that it showed that the two had lived together as man and wife.

Prof. Ellis' analysis of the contents of the girl's stomach and liver, and of the embalming fluid that had been used, showed that there was sufficient poison in the embalming fluid to account for all that was found if it had been injected into the stomach, and Undertaker Green swore that it was injected in that way. Undertaker Green also swore that when he took the girl's body to Sharpsville he saw her mother, and she told him that Ollie had two fits similar to the one in which she died.

The last was three years ago, and the doctor then told her that if the fits occurred again they would likely prove fatal. The physicians could not discover any sufficient cause for death. Evidence was put in to show that the girl herself had not tried to follow the doctor's directions while sick, and that Lafferty had not obeyed orders. The girl told the woman with whom she boarded that she had nobody to live for except Lafferty, and if anything went wrong she had the stuff in her pocket to finish herself.

U. P. MISSIONARY CONVENTION.

The Women Will Hold Interesting Meetings In Erie.

PITTSBURG, April 29.—The women's general missionary convention of the United Presbyterian church will be held in Erie, May 12-14.

The convention is a national one and delegates will be present from every part of the country. Its purpose is to hear reports from the various departments of work, discuss means for enlarging the operations of the society and especially to plan for the coming year.

The first session of the convention will be held in the First United Presbyterian church of Erie on Tuesday evening, May 12. Three sessions will be held on Wednesday and three on Thursday, the convention closing on the evening of that day.

An excellent program has been arranged. Set speech-making will be limited and the time given mainly to a discussion of the reports and the formulating of plans for the future.

EXCITING SENATE DEBATE.

Naval Appropriation Brings Up the Subject of Deficient Revenues.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—The senate has been plunged into an exciting financial debate after several weeks of serene and formal proceedure on appropriation bills. The naval appropriation bill was under consideration, and the item of four battleships, to cost an aggregate of $15,000,000, served as a text for a speech by Mr. Gorman, pointing out that the revenues of the government are less than the receipts. Mr. Gorman's statements brought on an animated controversy, in which Mr. Sherman, Mr. Hale and Mr. Chandler joined issue with the Maryland senator as to the responsibility for the failure of tariff legislation in the present congress.

The battleship item was not completed when the senate adjourned.

The Chandler amendment was agreed to, 45 to 11. As adopted, the prohibition against naval officers serving naval contractors goes into effect June 30, 1897.

THE PENSION BILL PASSED.

Opposition to the Section Pensioning Deserters From the Rebel Army.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—The house has passed the Pickler general pension bill by a vote of 187 to 54. The Republicans and Populists voted solidly in favor of the measure and the Democrats, with six exceptions, solidly against it. The section to which the bulk of the opposition was directed provides that persons otherwise entitled to pensions shall not be disqualified on account of prior service in the Confederate army, provided they joined the Union forces 90 days before Lee's surrender.

The bankruptcy bill was taken up under a special order providing for a vote Saturday at 4 p. m.

Those who voted against the pension bill were: Fitzgerald of Massachusetts, Sorg of Ohio, Cummings of New York, Walsh of New York, Downing of Illinois and Layton of Ohio.

The Bankruptcy Bill Up.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—Mr. Henderson from the committee on rules has reported a special order in the house, for the consideration of the bankruptcy bill, general debate to continue today and continue Thursday, debate under the five-minute rule Friday and Saturday until 4 o'clock, when the final vote is to be taken.

Supreme Court Won't Interfere.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—Justice Brewer of the United States supreme court has refused to interfere in any way with the judgment of the Carroll county (Mo.) circuit court, which sentenced Bill Taylor to be hanged April 30 for the murder of the Meeks family.

MANY CHILDREN INJURED.

Runaway Team Dashes Into a Crowd of School Children at Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, April 29.—A runaway team attached to a hack has dashed into a crowd of children who were emerging from St. Anthony's church school. Twenty-five of the little ones were prostrated, seven were badly injured and two of them will probably die.

The injured are: Frank Schudi, 627 First avenue, leg broken at thigh and injured internally, recovery doubtful; Annie Nobleu, three ribs broken and injured internally, may not recover; Maggie Brodke, badly bruised; Emil Nau, arm injured; Julius Kafke, shoulder dislocated and badly bruised; Joseph Fischer, several ribs broken and injured internally; Joseph Kress, shoulder dislocated and collar bone probably broken.

Railroad Must Pay Her $12,000.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 29.—The jury in the case of Miss Tenie McEwan against the L. & N. R. R. company, in the Franklin circuit court, has awarded her damages in the sum of $12,000, for injuries sustained by being shot in the face on one of the trains of that road. It was the shooting of Miss McEwan by a negro that led to the passage of the separate coach bill.

A Judge Pardoned by Gov. Bradley.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 29.—Governor Bradley has pardoned Judge J. H Pulliam of Breckinridge county, who was sent up for 17 years for killing the despoiler of his home, one Miller. He had served seven years of his time His wife admitted her guilt in a letter to Governor Bradley, after denying it at the time of the trial.

Ran Afoul of the Columbia.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., April 29.—The old Dominion line steamer Wyanoke has run into the United States cruiser Columbia and sank in 30 minutes. Several of the Wyanoke's crew were injured. The cruiser was slightly damaged.

Sound Money Nebraska Democrats.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 29.—The second Nebraska Democratic convention to select delegates to the national convention convened here this afternoon. This is the sound money element of the party and by the silver Democrats of the state branded as bolters.

MAY SPARE HAMMOND.

Belief That President Kruger Will Be Merciful.

ENGLAND IN CHARGE OF HIS CASE.

From the First That Government Has Looked After It at Our Request—Chamberlain Has Requested That the Sentences Be Commuted.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—The case of John Hays Hammond, the American mining engineer, one of the men sentenced by the Transvaal government to die for high treason, in connection with Dr. Jameson's raid, has been referred to in a cabinet meeting, and, although the state department authorized no statement concerning his case further than making public the cablegram from Vice Consul Knight at Capetown predicting a commutation of sentence, it cannot be denied that the government will do all within its power to secure an amelioration of Hammond's sentence, inasmuch as he is regarded as rather the victim of circumstances than as a deliberate conspirator against the Boer government. It is believed, however, that even before the machinery of the department can be set in motion Hammond's sentence will have been commuted.

It is felt at the state department that it has been criticized rather unjustly in congress and elsewhere upon its conduct of Hammond's case. The complaint that it has worked through British officials to secure fair treatment for the American prisoners, it is said, is made in ignorance of the requirements of international law. The United States has no diplomatic representative whatever in the Transvaal, nor can it have so long as the foreign relations of that country are confided by treaty to Great Britain, and it would be a manifest violation of propriety and international law for the United States to ignore Great Britain in this matter, and particularly so in view of the alacrity with which the British government has responded to our request for the protection of Americans in the Transvaal.

When Senator Stewart, who is a personal friend of Mr. Hammond, heard of his conviction, he immediately set to work to prepare a petition in Mr. Hammond's behalf which he had circulated among senators and members of the house. The petition is addressed to President Kruger and is a plea for pardon. It sets forth the character of the accused and states that his family and associations here were of the best, and while it is ceded by the petitioners that the crime to which he has plead guilty is a most serious one and directed against a government for which the signers have a high regard, they still ask as an act of clemency that the offense be condoned and the prisoner liberated. The petition was signed by all to whom it was presented.

AN APPEAL FOR CLEMENCY.

Secretary Chamberlain Cables a Message to the Boer President.

LONDON, April 29.—While Secretary Chamberlain's announcement of the sentencing of the Johannesburg reformers caused a sensation inside and outside of parliament and was eagerly discussed in the lobbies, where it is thought to have increased the gravity of the situation in South Africa, there is an inner ring of politicians who are inclined to think that the whole matter is the result of a deal between the prisoners and the Boer authorities, and that the former obtained the assurance that their sentences would be commuted before they pleaded guilty to the charge of high treason.

Secretary Chamberlain immediately telegraphed President Kruger that he would rely on his generosity and recent intimation to that effect to commute the sentences of the condemned men.

Of the condemned men Mr. John Hays Hammond, manager of the Debers mines, is an American, but Mr. Chamberlain, when he was first arrested, assured the state department that his interests would be looked after by Great Britain as if he was a British subject.

Colonel Francis W. Rhodes is a brother of Cecil Rhodes, formerly premier of Cape Colony and an officer, official or unofficial, of the British chartered South Africa company.

Percy Farrar is a newspaper proprietor and owner of Country Life, published at Johannesburg.

Lionel Phillips is the president of the chamber of mines at Johannesburg.

WILL DECLARE FOR SILVER.

The Michigan State Democratic Convention In Session Today.

DETROIT, April 29.—The Democratic state convention convened today with Alfred J. Murphy as temporary chairman.

The silver advocates will make their fight on the platform. They have scorned all overtures looking toward a compromise and will insist on a declaration for free silver coinage at 16 to 1. The indications now are that they will be successful. There will also probably be a contest over the selection of delegates-at-large. The prominent candidate are Wellington R. Burt of Saginaw, Spencer O. Fisher of Bay City, William E. McKnight of Grand Rapids and Judge John W. McGrath of Detroit, all silver men, and Peter White of Marquette and Elliott G. Stevenson of Detroit. Mr. Stevenson is chairman of the state central committee, and his friends hope to elect him as a delegate-at-large, although he is opposed by the radical free silverites, who wish to elect Judge McGrath.

A SPLIT OVER M'KINLEY.

The Republicans of Alabama Hold Two State Conventions.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., April 29.—The Republicans of Alabama held two state conventions here. One, the McKinley convention, adopted a ringing sound money protection platform, instructed for McKinley and determined to put a straightout Republican ticket in the field, headed by General J. M. Burke of Calhoun, a high-class Republican.

The other, composed of all the anti-McKinley factions, adopted a platform declaring that all other issues in Alabama were subservient to one—fair elections—and therefore all issues excepting this were avoided in the platform. Sound money and protection are not referred to in it. A resolution was adopted by the anti-McKinley forces that the Republicans fuse in the state elections with the Populists, allowing the latter to name the nominee for governor and dividing the balance of the state ticket between the parties.

Fourteen People Injured.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., April 29.—An incoming Central train, with visitors to the state G. A. R. encampment, has been ditched by a washout just east of Raymond. Fourteen people were injured, none seriously.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

A grain congress is in session in Charleston, S. C.

M. Meline has succeeded in forming a cabinet in France.

The United States treasury has lost $163,600 in gold coin and $5,100 in bars making the gold reserve $125,549,502.

The will of the late H. A. Massey, the millionaire manufacturer of agricultural implements, of Toronto, Ont., was probated in Cleveland. He left thousands to various Methodist churches and charities.

A $250,000 fire occurred in Paris, Tex. One person was killed and two injured.

Germans defeated a large force of Hottentot rebels.

The plague in Hongkong, China, rages fiercely.

DAMAGING TO WALLING.

Strong Evidence Against Him In the Trial of Scott Jackson.

NEWPORT, Ky., April 29.—The principal evidence in the Jackson trial was that of Chester Mullen, the livery man, who testified that he hired a cab on Jan. 31, to Alonzo Walling and that it was kept out nearly all night. William Cassidy, a butcher testified that on Jan. 31, about two hours after midnight, he was driving across the bridge from Cincinnati to Newport and was closely pressed by a cab drawn by a grey horse driven as if it was in a great hurry, toward Newport.

George H. Jackson, the colored cab driver related the story of his trip from Cincinnati to the place of the murder as the driver of the cab and identified Walling as the man who sat beside him.

Mr. A. Bryan, father of the dead girl testified that Pearl Bryan was visited by Jackson, who was his sole housekeeper during the absence of Mrs. Bryan in New Mexico with an invalid daughter.

The letters of Scott Jackson to Pearl Bryan extending from early in 1895 until the middle of November, that year, were presented to show that he was keeping up an acquaintance with that lady.

WEYLER'S PALACE DYNAMITED.

The Explosion Attributed to the Rebels or Their Friends.

HAVANA, April 29.—An explosion, believed to be due to dynamite or some other high explosive, has occurred in the palace of the governor general. The detonation was sharp and the building was soon partly filled with dust while the noise of breaking glass and falling plaster could be heard on all sides. Part of the roof of the palace fell in.

The explosion occurred in a closet situated in a low story or basement under the city hall, which part of the building it converted into a heap of rubbish. The walls were torn, great stones fell and a printer belonging to the captain general's office was wounded. The greatest excitement prevails here as a result of the explosion, which, naturally, is attributed to the insurgents or their friends.

CONFESSES MORE CRIMES.

Man Held For Double Murder Confesses He Killed Two Others.

LOUISVILLE, April 29.—Robert Longhlin, who is in jail at Maysville for the murder of his wife and niece, has made another confession.

Soon after his arrest he admitted killing his invalid wife and assaulting and killing her niece, after which he set fire to the house. He is now awaiting trial on these charges, and in a fit of penitence and terror is said to have owned to the authorities that he was responsible for the murder of a brother-in-law and an idiot child.

An Aged Man Kills Himself.

BELVIDERE, N. J., April 29.—George W Baughart, a grandson of the venerable George Baughart, a pioneer preacher of Methodism in Northern New Jersey, has committed suicide by shooting himself in the abdomen with a revolver.

Anarchist Kills a Mayor.

PARIS, April 29.—During a popular fete at the town of Louis-le-Saunier, an anarchist named Colin has stabbed and killed the mayor.

Senator Wolcott's Position.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—Senator Wolcott of Colorado has written a letter defining his position in regard to the St. Louis convention. The senator's position is radically different from the position of his colleague, Senator Teller, as Senator Wolcott indicates his intention of remaining with the Republican party whatever action it may take on the currency question. He prefers not to be a delegate and thinks a hot fight should be made for silver.

Shot by His Father-In-Law.

BUTLER, Ky., April 29.—B. F. Finnell, deputy sheriff of Kenton county, has quarreled with his son-in-law, Austin Stevens, at Morning View, eight miles north of this place, and shot him in the hip with a revolver. Stevens is in a critical condition.

The Weather.

Generally fair with increasing cloudiness, probably followed by showers this evening or night; fresh and brisk east only southerly winds.

Bombs Exploded In Berlin.

BERLIN, April 29.—The city has been startled by two bomb explosions in tenement houses here within the last few days. The authorities have conveniently surmised that in both cases the explosions were the work of mischievous boys.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, April 28.

WHEAT—No. 1 red 77@78c; No. 2 red 75c; spring wheat, 74@75c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 35½@36c; No. 3 shelled, 36@36½c; high mixed shelled, 35½@36c; mixed ear, 35c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 29@29½c; No. 2 do, 25½@26c; extra No. 3 white, 25½@26c; light mixed 25½@26c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $17.25@17.50; No. 2 timothy, $16.25@17; mixed clover, $15.00@15.25; packing, $8.50@9.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, $11.50@12.00; wagon hay, $18.00@19.00 for timothy.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 17@18c; Ohio fancy creamery, 16@16c; fancy country roll 13@13c; low grade and cooking, 7@8c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York, full cream, large size, 9½@10c; New York flats, 10@10½c; fancy Ohios, 8½@9c; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs 12@14c; limburger, 12½@13c; Ohio Swiss, in tubs 13½@14c; Swiss in square blocks, 15½@16c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 16c; seconds 9@9½c; storage eggs, 25@30c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 6@6½c per pair; live chickens small, 50@55c; dressed chickens, 12@13c per pound; live ducks, 55@60c per pair; dressed, 12@13c; live turkeys, 10@11c per pound, dressed 14@15c; live geese 60@65c per pair.

PITTSBURG, April 28.

CATTLE—Receipts fair, 60 cars on sale, the market was slow and prices a shade lower. We quote: Prime, 4.50@4.65; good, 4.30@4.45; good butchers, $4.00@4.10; rough fat, $3.00@3.75; bulls, stags and cows, $1.75@3.70; fresh cows and springers, $15@40.

HOGS—Receipts Monday were 22 cars on sale, market active and prices a shade higher. Today's receipts were light, market opened active but closed weak, owing to unfavorable reports from other points. We quote prices as follows: Prime medium weights, 3.95@4.00; best Yorkers, $3.90@3.95; common to fair Yorkers and pigs, $3.75@3.80; heavy, $3.60@3.70; roughs, $2.50@3.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts Monday was 12 cars; market opened active at an advance of 25c on sheep and 40c on lambs. Today's receipts were fair; market active at yesterday's advance. We quote as follows: Prime clips, $3.85@4.00; good, $3.70@3.80; fair, $3.40@3.50; common, $3.00@3.20; culls, $1.50@2.00; choice lambs, $4.60@5.00; common to good lambs, $4.25@4.50; spring lambs, $5.00@5.00; veal calves, the light; selling at $4.50@4.75; heavy and thin calves, $2.00@3.00.

CINCINNATI, April 28.

HOGS—Market easy at $3.70@3.90. Receipts 200 head; shipments, 2,000 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at $2.50@4.00. Receipts, 100 head; shipments, 200 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep firm at $2.50@3.75. Receipts, 50 head; shipments, 300. Lambs—Market strong at $3.00@4.75, spring lambs, $5.00@7.15.

NEW YORK, April 28.

WHEAT—Spot market lower; No. 1 hard 76c elevator.

CORN—Spot market dull; No. 2, 35½c.

OATS—Spot market weaker; No. 2, 29½c.

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 10@10½c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 7½@8½c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market active and slightly firmer. Unshorn sheep, poor to prime, $3.65@4.00; clipped do, $3.50@3.65; unshorn lambs, common to choice, $5.35½; ordinary to choice clipped do, $4.90@5.30.

HOGS—Market higher at $4.00@4.05.

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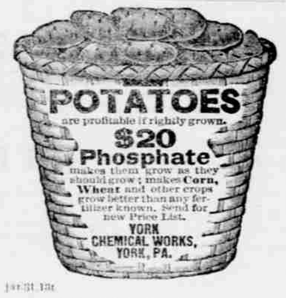
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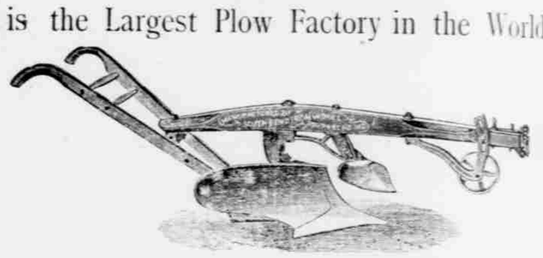

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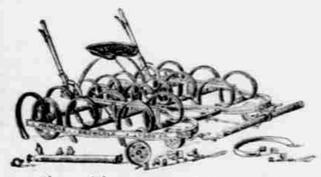

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